# Corrective Action Plan Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont 05494



SMS # 2019-4863

July 9, 2021

Prepared for:

Co-Operative Insurance Companies 292 Colonial Drive Middlebury, VT 05753



21 North Main Street Waterbury, Vermont 05676 (802) 917-2001 www.leenv.net

LEE # 19-138



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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

LE Environmental (LEE) prepared this Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for the Pigeon Property, located at 1705 Route 128, Westford, Chittenden County, Vermont (Site). This CAP was prepared according to Section 35-606 of the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) I-Rule, effective July 2019. This CAP was prepared for the Co-Operative Insurance Companies of Middlebury, Vermont, and the Site owner is the Pigeon Family Living Trust

The Site includes a vacant residence and a former bus garage on approximately 3.3 acres of land, on the north side of Route 128, in the center of Westford. The buildings are currently unoccupied and are used for storage. The Site was developed prior to 1858. Historic Site use has included residential, with a gasoline filling station, and automotive and bus repair. A small store was also once present on the southeastern portion of the property. A building was noted on or near the northeastern property line on historic (1869 and 1915) maps. The building was gone by 1948.

A Phase I and a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) were completed in 2019, and a Supplemental Site Investigation (SSI) was completed in 2021. An abandoned, 1,100-gallon, gasoline underground storage tank (UST) was removed from the Site on June 2, 2020. The UST was a relic of the former gasoline filling station that operated on the Site from circa 1940 through the mid 1980s. The UST was found to be in failed condition upon removal, with extensive rust, pitting, and several large holes in the bottom of the UST. Groundwater was encountered at 6' below grade (bg) in the excavation, and a sheen was noted on the groundwater. Photoionization detector (PID) readings obtained during the removal ranged from 17.1 parts per million (ppm) in soil under the former dispenser island to 2,374 ppm at the top of the tank where piping (not attached to this tank) was found. PID readings ranging from 1,286 ppm to 1,644 ppm were observed under the UST, which was also where groundwater was encountered.

Groundwater was found to be impacted with petroleum related Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) at concentrations above the Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) in the vicinity of the removed UST (MW-1) and in downgradient monitoring well MW-8, while VOC concentrations below the VGES were reported in downgradient monitoring well MW-2 during the most recent sampling event.

Additional soil contamination related to the past property use, including concentrations of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in soil, were also identified during environmental investigations performed at the Site. This contaminated will be remediated under a separate CAP once redevelopment plans for the property are solidified.

Excavation of grossly contaminated soil in the vicinity of the UST, concurrent with off-Site disposal, is recommended to reduce soil and groundwater impacts in the vicinity of the former UST. A Corrective Action Completion Report will be prepared once construction is complete.



## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

LE Environmental LLC of Waterbury, Vermont (LEE) prepared this Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for the Pigeon Property, located at 1705 Route 128, Westford, Chittenden County, Vermont (Site). This CAP was prepared according to Section 35-606 of the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) I-Rule, effective July 2019. This CAP was prepared for the Co-Operative Insurance Companies of Middlebury, Vermont, and the Site owner is the Pigeon Family Living Trust

The Site includes a vacant residence and a former bus garage on approximately 3.3 acres of land, on the north side of Route 128, in the center of Westford. The buildings are currently unoccupied and are used for storage.

The Town of Westford is pursuing the acquisition of the Site, in order to replace the existing Town Offices, and to further develop the Site in a way that serves the community of Westford. Specifics of the redevelopment are still being developed; the vision is to provide new residential and non-residential growth that will stimulate the local economy, diversify the grand list, and provide new affordable housing options. The presence of grossly contaminated soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the former gasoline UST complicates the acquisition and redevelopment of the Site.

The objective of this Corrective Action Plan is to remove petroleum contaminated soil in the vicinity of the former gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs), which will reduce ongoing impacts to soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the garage.

DEC's required cleanup planning process as specified at I-Rule §35-601-611 includes an Evaluation of Corrective Action Alternatives (ECAA), followed by the CAP. The Site meets the requirements for exemption from the ECAA requirement in I Rule §35-604 (b) due to the following:

- 1. Environmental investigations have indicated there is no impact to drinking water or vapor intrusion at the Site.
- 2. Groundwater is impacted with petroleum contamination resulting from former leaking petroleum USTs. Monitoring has demonstrated the contaminant plume is confined to the property.
- 3. The removal of contaminated soil will remove direct contact threats to sensitive receptors in the vicinity of the former USTs. However, an ECAA and an additional CAP will be needed in the future to address soil PAH contamination concurrent with the redevelopment of the property.
- 4. The remedy of contaminated soil removal has been used at other sites and has been demonstrated to be reliable, cost effective, and effective.



# 2.0 SITE HISTORY AND UPDATED CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The Site was developed prior to 1858. Historic Site use has included residential, with a gasoline filling station, and automotive and bus repair. A small store was also once present on the southeastern portion of the property. A building was noted on or near the northeastern property line on historic (1869 and 1915) maps. The building was gone by 1948. A tannery was noted on the adjoining property to the west in 1869.

LEE prepared a Phase I ESA report for the property in September 2019<sup>1</sup>, and three Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) were identified during the Phase I ESA:

- 1. Historic use of the property for bus/automotive repair and as a gasoline filling station.
- 2. Possible presence of an abandoned UST.
- 3. Historic adjoining property use as a tannery.

A Phase II ESA was recommended to determine whether contamination is present on the Site due to the identified RECs. Subsequently, LEE conducted geophysical testing to locate an abandoned UST in 2019 and a Brownfields Phase II ESA in 2020. The Phase II ESA included assessment of the soils around and below the abandoned gasoline UST, which necessitated its removal, soil boring advancement, groundwater monitoring well installation, soil sampling, groundwater sampling, and drinking water sampling.

In order to access the soils around and beneath it, the abandoned, 1,100-gallon, gasoline UST was removed from the Site on June 2, 2020. The UST was a relic of the former gasoline filling station that operated on the Site from circa 1940 through the mid 1980s. The age of the UST and piping is not known, but it appeared to be at least 80 years old. The UST was a single-walled tank, and piping from other former USTs was also encountered in the excavation. The piping for the removed UST appeared to have been cut near the former pump island, and had paper stuffed in the end. It was buried approximately 1.5' to 2' below grade (bg), and was found to be in failed condition upon removal, with extensive rust, pitting, and several large holes in the bottom of the UST. Groundwater was encountered at 6' bg in the excavation, and a sheen was noted on the groundwater.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> LE Environmental LLC, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report, September 23, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LE Environmental LLC, Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Report, Pigeon Property, July 24, 2020.



The photoionization detector (PID) readings ranged from 17.1 parts per million (ppm) in soil under the former dispenser island to 2,374 ppm at the top of the tank where piping (not attached to this tank) was found. PID readings ranging from 1,286 ppm to 1,644 ppm were observed under the UST, which was also where groundwater was encountered.

A pipe with unknown purpose was noted on the southern wall of the UST excavation. The excavation could not be extended in this direction due to the presence of Route 128 and special permitting; traffic control, and engineering would be required to dig in this area.

During the Phase II ESA the depth to water ranged from 4.45' bg in the southern portion of the Site to 11.59' bg in the northern portion of the Site. The overall groundwater flow beneath the Site appears to be northerly. The approximate hydraulic gradient is approximately 10% on the southern portion of the Site and 16% in the central and northern portions of the Site.

Groundwater was found to be impacted with petroleum related Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) during the Phase II ESA, at concentrations above the Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) and above the vapor intrusion (VI) standards for groundwater in the vicinity of the former UST. The limits of the dissolved-phase groundwater contaminant plume were not defined by the Phase II ESA. The overall low permeability of the native soils implies the migration of the contaminant plume will be limited. The low permeability of the soils was evident during sampling, where very low recharge was noted in the groundwater monitoring wells. No VOCs were reported in the drinking water sample obtained during the Phase II ESA.

The Phase II ESA indicated that shallow and deep soils are impacted with petroleum contamination in the southern portion of the property, near the former UST location, and in the parking area to the east. Shallow soils are impacted with Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in the area to the north of the garage. The limits of the PAH contamination were not defined during the Phase II ESA.

A Supplemental Site Investigation was completed in 2021. A geophysical investigation was conducted to investigate the area around the suspect pipe noted on the southern edge of the previous UST excavation on November 24, 2020. No evidence of a pipe or additional USTs beneath Route 128 was noted during the geophysical investigation.

A confirmatory round of groundwater sampling was performed on December 3, 2020. The depth to water ranged from 2.86' below grade (bg) at MW-1 to 8.62' bg at MW-5. Concentrations of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, trimethylbenzenes, and naphthalene in excess of the VGES were reported in the vicinity of the former UST location (MW-1). Ethylbenzene was reported in MW-2



below the VGES. No contaminant concentrations were reported above laboratory detection limits in MW-3, MW-4, or MW-5. A supply well sample was also obtained on December 3, 2020, and no VOCs were reported in the water supply sample.

Thirteen soil borings were advanced at the Site on December 21, 2020. Ten soil samples and a duplicate were obtained during drilling. Three additional groundwater monitoring wells, four soil gas wells, and two vapor pins were installed.

PAH toxicity equivalency quotient (TEQ) concentrations in excess of the DEC's Statewide Urban Background concentration were identified in five of the ten shallow soil samples obtained in this SSI (SB-102, SB-103, SB-104, SB-105, and SB-106). The northwestern, western, southern, and eastern limits of the PAH-impacted shallow soil were identified by the SSI sampling. However, the northern-most soil shallow soil samples contained PAH TEQ above the DEC's Statewide Urban Background concentration, indicating the extent of the contamination continues to the north some distance. The area of soils impacted is likely correlated to the historic storage of buses, auto parts, and other machinery in this area.

An additional round of groundwater sampling, including the three newly installed monitoring wells, was performed on January 7, 2021. The depth to water ranged from 2.09' bg at MW-7 to 10.27' bg at MW-5. Concentrations of MTBE, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, trimethylbenzenes, and naphthalene in excess of the VGES were reported in MW-1. A naphthalene concentration in excess of the VGES was reported in MW-8. Concentrations of ethylbenzene and 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene below the VGES were reported in MW-2.

The northern, western, and southern portions of the groundwater contaminant plume have been defined. The eastern edge of the plume is not fully defined, but it likely terminates in the vicinity of MW-8 based on the fairly low concentration of naphthalene reported there.

Three soil gas, two sub-slab soil gas, and one outdoor ambient air sample were obtained on January 2, 2021. The soil gas samples were analyzed for the presence of VOCs via EPA Method TO-15. Several VOCs were reported in the soil gas samples including: benzene, carbon tetrachloride, ethylbenzene, methylene chloride, tetrachloroethene (PCE), acetone, ethanol, isopropanol, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, Freon 11, and xylenes. None of the reported concentrations exceeded DEC's residential VI standards.

# A. Conceptual Site Model

The area immediately surrounding the Site is the town center of Westford, with closely spaced residential homes, a municipal office building, a public library, and a town common. The topography of the Site is fairly flat on its south side, near Route



128, and then slopes downward to the north, toward the Browns River. There is also a ravine on the eastern side of the Site, which contains an outlet drainage pipe for the town common's stormwater system. No odors or sheens have been noted on the water exiting the outlet pipe.

The Site was developed as of the earliest record located thus far (1858). The property use has included residential with a gasoline filling station and automotive and bus repair. According to the current owner, the gasoline tanks were no longer used after circa 1985. A small store was also once present on the southeastern portion of the Site. A tannery was present on the adjoining property to the west on an 1869 map. It is unknown how long the tannery operated.

The on-Site residence is heated with fuel oil. The garage is not currently heated but appears to have been heated with wood, propane, and/or fuel oil historically. The buildings are served by a private dug supply well and at least one septic system. The configuration and location of the septic system is not known.

Bedrock was not encountered in the Phase II ESA. According to the most recent geologic map of Vermont, the bedrock in the vicinity of the Site consists of Cambrian and Neoproterozoic aged schist in the Pinnacle formation and the overburden deposits in the area of the Site are mapped as boulders in clay.<sup>3</sup>

The Site is approximately 470 feet above current sea level on the southern portion of the Site and drops to approximately 435 feet above current sea level at the northern terminus of the parcel boundary. This area has undergone extensive deposition and erosional processes through recent glacial events. The retreat of the Laurentide Ice Sheet led to the formation of glacial Lake Vermont approximately 13,500 years ago. The elevation of the lake surface was approximately 620 feet above sea level, significantly higher than the elevation of the current Lake Champlain. Streams flowing off the melted glacier deposited many sediments, with larger sediments deposited near the front of the glacier and finer grained sediments deposited away from the front of the glacier. Clay and silt varves were deposited in the calmer portions of Lake Vermont.<sup>4</sup>

The data obtained from soil borings indicate the soils at the Site consist of an approximately 3' thick layer of sand with varying amounts of silt overlaying dense, native clay. The clay contained distinct sand layers in each boring, and distinct varves have been noted in several soil borings. This data suggests the Site was likely located in a calmer portion of Lake Vermont. Sand layers noted in the clay point to periods of higher energy deposition in the lake.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ANR Atlas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> S.F. Wright



The depth to groundwater at the Site varied between the three groundwater sampling events performed to date. Groundwater levels in December 2020 were 0.45' to 6.89' higher than those reported in June 2020. The groundwater levels in January 2021 were 0.38' to 4.67' lower than those reported in December 2020. The depth to water in January 2020 ranged from 2.09' bg at MW-7 to 10.27' bg at MW-5. Groundwater flow is generally toward the north and northeast. The hydraulic gradient in the southern portion of the Site has been calculated between 5 and 10%, while the hydraulic gradient on the central and northern portions of the Site has been calculated between 16 and 22%

The overall low permeability of the native soils implies the migration of the contaminant plume is limited, and it is not expected to travel off-Site. The low permeability of the soils was evident during sampling, where very low recharge has been noted in the groundwater monitoring wells. The sand layers noted during drilling are likely the mechanism for the migration of the low-level dissolved phase contamination away from the UST area.

Shallow and deep soils are impacted with petroleum contamination in the southern portion of the property, near the former UST location, and in a portion of the parking area to the east. Shallow soils are impacted with PAHs in the area to the north and northeast of the garage. The limits of the shallow soil PAH contamination have been defined to the northwest, west, south, and east. The northern extent of the shallow soil PAH contamination has not been fully defined. However, the extent of the contamination likely correlates to the areas on the Site where buses, auto parts, and other machinery were previously stored.

Groundwater is impacted with petroleum related VOCs at concentrations above the VGES and the VI standards for groundwater in the vicinity of the former UST. The VGES exceedances are primarily limited to the former UST, with low-level contamination extended approximately 100' to the west, 50' to the north, and 75' to the east. The northern, southern, and western limits of the dissolved-phase contaminant plume were defined by this investigation. The eastern edge of the plume is not fully defined, but it likely terminates in the vicinity of MW-8 based on the fairly low concentration of naphthalene reported there.

Soil gas sampling results indicate several VOCs are present in the soil gas at the Site including: benzene, carbon tetrachloride, ethylbenzene, methylene chloride, tetrachloroethene (PCE), acetone, ethanol, isopropanol, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, Freon 11, and xylenes. None of the reported concentrations exceeded residential VI standards. The results suggest that while VOCs were detected in all of the soil gas samples obtained, since none of these concentrations exceeded residential VI standards, Site users are not likely to be impacted by these contaminants via vapor intrusion into the structures.



#### B. Potential Contamination Sources

The most apparent source(s) of contamination at the Site include the leaking gasoline UST removed in June 2020 (soil and groundwater), historic USTs (soil and groundwater), and historic use and storage of hazardous substances and petroleum products (shallow soil).

# **C.** Potential Receptors

Potential receptors of contamination include Site users. Shallow soils are impacted with petroleum and PAHs at the Site. The limits of the dissolved-phase petroleum contamination plume have been fully defined by this assessment except in the vicinity of MW-8, which is the eastern-most monitoring well in the network. The northern limit of the shallow soil PAH contamination remains undefined, but the zone of contamination appears to be attributed to the previous bus and miscellaneous metal storage areas on the Site. The groundwater plume is not likely to be migrating off-Site due to the low permeability soils on the Site and the lack of contamination noted in the downgradient groundwater monitoring well. The Site is currently vacant and not used.

# D. Utility Corridors

Buried underground utilities known to exist on or in the immediate vicinity of the Site include the water line from the well to the residence and garage, and the septic systems for the buildings. The Westford Common to the south of the Site has a series of drainage lines, which connect to a drainage culvert on the eastern portion of the Site. The drainage outfall has been inspected several times and no petroleum odors or sheens have been noted to date.

## E. Water Bodies and Wetlands

The Browns River abuts the property on its northeast side and is approximately 450' from the former UST location. There is also an unnamed tributary that runs through the western portion of the property, and this tributary is approximately 200 feet northwest of the former UST location. The ANR Natural Resources Atlas does not depict Vermont State Wetland Inventory (VSWI) or wetlands advisory areas on the Site. However, apparent wetland vegetation was noted on the northern portions of the Site. Based on the results of the investigation, surface water does not appear to be at risk.

# F. Water Supplies

The Site and nearby properties are served by private wells. Approximately 28 water supply wells are depicted on the ANR Natural Resources Atlas within a quarter mile of the Site. The on-Site supply well was sampled and tested for VOCs twice, and no



detections of VOCs or exceedances of regulatory standards were noted. The data suggests off-Site supply wells are unlikely to be impacted from contamination at this Site.

#### G. Site Users

The Site is currently unoccupied and not being used except for storage by the owners of the property. Portions of the area have shallow soil contamination and future Site users could come into contact with this soil.

# 3.0 PUBLIC NOTICE

The following is a table summarizing the property and adjoining property owners. The adjoining property owners map in Appendix A depicts the locations of these properties.

Duonantry Address	Cnan	Duanantry Oryman	Oumar's Mailing
Property Address	Span	Property Owner	Owner's Mailing
			Address
1705 Route 128	720-229-10632	Pigeon Family Living Trust	1705 Route 128
(Site)			Westford, VT 05494
1681 Route 128	720-229-10853	Classic Green LLC	1681 Route 128
			Westford, VT 05494
2 Cambridge Rd	720-229-10827	Charlotte Vincent and	2 Cambridge Rd
		Kathleen Sawyer*	Westford, VT 05494
18 Cambridge Rd	720-229-10823	Armando and	18 Cambridge Rd
		Linell Vilaseca	Westford, VT 05494
4 Huntley Rd	720-229-10146	Clark Phoebe M Family	4 Huntley Rd
		Trust	Westford, VT 05494
1729 Route 128	720-229-10236	Joel and Mary Fay	P.O. Box 70
			Westford, VT 05494
1715 Route 128	720-229-10134	Mary Cavanaugh	48 Orchard Rd
			Maplewood, NJ 07040
1713 Route 128	720-229-10853	Town of Westford	1713 Route 128
			Westford, VT 05494

<sup>\*</sup>listed owners are deceased but they are still listed as the owners on the 2021 grandlist

#### 4.0 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

# A. Corrective Action Objective

The removal of the grossly contaminated soil in the vicinity of the former USTs with off-Site soil disposal will help mitigate the impact of hazardous materials to sensitive receptors in accordance with the Corrective Action Objectives outlined in I-Rule Section 35-603.



#### B. Environmental Media Standards

Environmental media standards applicable to this Site include soil and groundwater quality standards. The concentrations reported in excess of relevant standards in the corrective action area are outlined in Table 4-1. Additional contamination is present in soil outside the UST area, which will be addressed under a separate CAP.

Table 4-1 Contaminant Concentrations in Excess of Regulatory Standards in the Corrective Action Area

Compound	Media	Concentrations	Relevant Residential
			Standard
Benzene	Soil	8.7 - 43 mg/kg	0.70 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Soil	150 mg/kg	3.7 mg/kg
Xylenes	Soil	980 mg/kg	252 mg/kg
Trimethylbenzenes	Soil	426 mg/kg	144 mg/kg
Naphthalene	Soil	7.6 – 54 mg/kg	2.7 mg/kg
MtBE	Groundwater	290 - 2,100 μg/L	11 μg/L
Benzene	Groundwater	5,900 - 14,000 μg/L	5 μg/L
Toluene	Groundwater	19,000 - 34,000 μg/L	1,000 μg/L
Ethylbenzene	Groundwater	2,500 - 3,900 μg/L	700 μg/L
Xylenes	Groundwater	14,500 - 19,000 μg/L	10,000 μg/L
Trimethylbenzenes	Groundwater	3,670 – 5,300 μg/L	23 μg/L
Naphthalene	Groundwater	640 – 710 μg/L	0.5 μg/L
Arsenic	Groundwater	0.017 μg/L	0.010 μg/L
Lead	Groundwater	0.12 μg/L	0.015 μg/L

# C. Compliance Points

Compliance points will consist of confirmation soil samples and groundwater samples. Confirmation soil samples will be obtained from each sidewall and the bottom of the excavation. The soil samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis of VOCs via EPA Method 8260. A duplicate soil sample will also be obtained, for a total of six laboratory analytical soil samples.

Monitoring well MW-1 will be removed during the corrective action. A replacement groundwater monitoring well will be installed in the vicinity of the former UST (approximately where MW-1 is currently located) once the excavation is complete. Groundwater samples will be obtained from monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-6, MW-8, and from the replacement monitoring well (MW-1r). Groundwater samples will be submitted for analysis of Vermont List Petroleum VOCs via EPA method 8260, along with a duplicate and trip blank for QA/QC analysis.

# D. Estimated Removal Rate and Duration

The quantity of soil to be excavated and removed from the Site is approximately 67 cubic yards (100 tons). The size and depth of the excavation is limited by Route



128, the garage, and the archaeologically sensitive location located to the east of the former UST. A plan showing the excavation location is located in Appendix A.

# E. Substantial Completion Standards

Performance standards for demonstrating substantial completion of the work will be excavation and disposal of grossly contaminated soils and fill of the excavation area, installation of a new groundwater monitoring well, and a round of groundwater sampling.

# F. Estimate Duration of Active Remediation

Cleanup is scheduled for the Summer/Fall of 2021. Site preparation, excavation, characterization sampling, soil removal and transport, confirmation sampling and testing, and re-grading of the Site is anticipated to take one month or less to complete. Replacement groundwater monitoring well installation and groundwater sampling will take an additional month to complete.

# 5.0 PERMITS

Approval of this CAP by the DEC will be required prior to construction. The Town of Westford has indicated that a local zoning permit will not be required for this cleanup. A Vermont Agency of Transportation Section 1111 permit will be required for the excavation, due to the location of the former UST in relation to Route 128.

## 6.0 REMEDIAL CONSTRUCTION PLAN

# A. Plans and Specifications

Excavation of grossly contaminated soil in the vicinity of the UST, concurrent with off-Site disposal, is recommended to reduce soil and groundwater impacts in the vicinity of the former UST. The Excavation of Contaminated Soil Plan in Appendix A shows the proposed excavation location, which will be the basis for the cleanup.

Soils will be excavated and placed in a stockpile on the northern portion of the parking lot. Two characterization soil samples will be obtained for disposal facility acceptance from the stockpile. The characterization analytical suite includes the following:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) via EPA Method 8260C
- Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) via EPA Method 8270D
- RCRA 8 Metals (total and TCLP Extraction via EPA Method 1311)
- PCBs via EPA Method 8082 with Soxhlet extraction via EPA Method 3540C
- Ignitibility (solids) via Method 1010A
- pH via EPA Method 9045D



- Herbicides via EPA Method 8151A
- Pesticides via EPA Method 8081
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) via EPA Method 8100
- Reactivity (Cn/S) via SW-846 9014 and 9030A

Once the characterization data is received, the contaminated soil will be transported to a licensed disposal facility (landfill), for disposal.

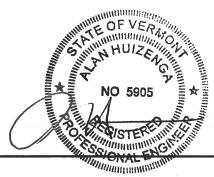
Confirmation soil samples will be obtained from each sidewall and the bottom of the excavation. The soil samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis of VOCs via EPA Method 8260. A duplicate soil sample will also be obtained, for a total of six laboratory analytical soil samples.

A new groundwater monitoring well will be installed in the vicinity of the former UST (approximately where MW-1 is currently located) once the excavation is complete using a geoprobe. Groundwater samples will be obtained from monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, MW-6, MW-8, and from the replacement monitoring well (MW-1r). Groundwater samples will be submitted for analysis of Vermont List Petroleum VOCs via EPA method 8260, along with a duplicate and trip blank for QA/QC analysis.

The soil excavation and temporary stockpiling is estimated to take approximately 2 days. The laboratory turnaround time for the characterization samples is 2 weeks, and facility acceptance will take approximately 1 week. Loading and hauling will take approximately 1 week.

# B. Vermont Licensed Professional Engineer's Signature of Review

I have reviewed this Corrective Action Plan for the Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont, State of Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation Sites Management Section #2019-4863, prepared by LE Environmental LLC on July 9, 2021.



Alan Huizenga, PE



# 7.0 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Approximately 67 cubic yards (100 tons) of petroleum contaminated soil will be excavated from the Site as shown on the "Excavation of Contaminated Soil" Plan in Appendix A. This soil will need to be disposed of at a licensed facility, and they will need to be characterized according to requirements of the receiving facility prior to their being accepted for disposal. The recommended strategy will be to collect characterization samples from the temporary soil stockpile as part of the cleanup. The results of soil testing available to date indicate that the soils to be excavated are not legally hazardous waste, nor are they TSCA regulated waste.

Temporary soil stockpiling shall conform to § 35-803 and Subchapter 8 of the I-Rule. The duration of stockpiling will be to allow time to collect characterization samples, received and compile the results, and make disposal facility arrangements. The contaminated soil will not be stockpiled for more than 90 days, and will not occur between December 1st and April 1st. Contaminated soil will be placed on and covered with a polyethylene liner, with a minimum thickness of 6 mils, during temporary staging. The liner will be inspected frequently for rips and any rips will be repaired immediately.

There are no sources for public water systems or potable water supplies within a 300-foot radius of the temporary stockpile location. There are no sensitive environments such as streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, state or federally listed threatened or endangered species or habitats, wetlands, floodplains, Class I or II groundwater, residences, or other similar areas within 100 feet of the temporary stockpiling area. A silt fence will be placed around the stockpile area. The temporary soil stockpile location is depicted on the Excavation of Contaminated Soil" Plan in Appendix A.

Generation of dust from the contaminated area will be addressed as follows to minimize the inhalation pathway during construction. All excavated surfaces will be wetted as needed to minimize dust. Calcium chloride may also be used to control dust on exposed excavation surfaces. The soils will be wetted before being direct loaded onto the transport vehicles and covered. Visible emissions of dust from the Site or from transport vehicles will not be permitted.

# 8.0 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Procurement for a cleanup contractor can begin upon approval of this CAP by DEC. The following tasks will be required.

1. A Vermont Agency of Transportation Section 1111 permit will be required for the excavation, due to the location of the former UST in relation to Route 128.



- 2. A request for bids will be provided to a select group of local contactors. Bid periods normally run 3-4 weeks.
- 3. Designation of low bidder, selection, qualification requirements, and contracting will follow. This process normally takes 2-4 weeks to complete.
- 4. Mobilization and construction will take place a contractor is selected and when weather conditions allow. LEE estimates that the mobilization and construction will 4 weeks to complete.
- 5. Monitoring well installation and sampling will take 2 weeks to complete.
- 6. Completion Reporting will take place following completion of soil removal and groundwater sampling.

Table 8-1 illustrates the projected schedule for completion of the cleanup work.

Task	Month										
	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan				
	21	21	21	21	21	21	22				
CAP Submittal											
DEC Review and											
Public Comment Period											
Obtain VTRANS											
Section 1111 Permit											
Bid Package											
Preparation											
Contractor Bid Period											
Contractor Selection and											
Contracting											
Construction											
Monitoring Well Installation and Sampling											
Completion Reporting											

# 9.0 CORRECTIVE ACTION OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

No operation and maintenance requirements are anticipated for the petroleum contaminated soil excavation once the work is completed. Residual contaminated material remaining on Site will need to be remediated via a separate CAP once the redevelopment plan for the property is solidified. An operation and maintenance plan will be developed at that time.

## 10.0 INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL PLAN

Pursuant to §35-901(b) of the I-Rule, an institutional control plan is required for this property. The institutional control plan will be created once the remainder of



the contamination on the Site is addressed, via a separate Corrective Action Plan, once redevelopment plans are solidified.

# 11.0 LONG TERM MONITORING PLAN

Additional groundwater monitoring in the future may be required and is dependent on the results of this soil removal effort. LEE will make a recommendation in the completion report once the results from the proposed groundwater sampling are tabulated. Long-term monitoring may be required for future remedial structures such as protective soil or impervious caps on the remainder of the contamination on the Site (soils with PAHs), which will be addressed via a separate Corrective Action Plan, once redevelopment plans are solidified.

# 12.0 REDEVELOPMENT AND REUSE PLAN

Continuing use of the property as-is will continue for the near future. Redevelopment plans are being solidified by the stakeholders and these will be incorporated into a separate future Corrective Action Plan.

# 13.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

Specified testing will include landfill characterization sampling of soil to be excavated and disposed to verify that it meets disposal facility acceptance criteria, and confirmation soil sampling of the sidewalls and bottom of the excavation. A round of groundwater sampling will also be performed. A duplicate soil sample will be obtained during confirmation sampling, and a duplicate groundwater sample will be obtained during groundwater monitoring. Trip blanks will also brought into the field during soil and groundwater sampling and analyzed for VOCs to ensure cross-contamination has not occurred. Sample collection will be via LEE Standard Operating Procedures. Normal laboratory procedures consistent with EPA Methodologies will be utilized.

# 14.0 COST ESTIMATE

The current estimate for the cleanup work described in this CAP is \$43,886. This estimate was generated using common contractor charges for mobilization, erosion control, waste excavation, transport and disposal costs estimates, and an allowance for cleanup oversight. A cost estimate is in Appendix C.

#### 15.0 UPDATED MAPS

The Excavation of Contaminated Soil Plan is in Appendix A.



# 16.0 CONTAMINATION CONCENTRATION SUMMARIES

Executive summaries and contamination concentration summaries from the Phase II ESA and the Supplemental Site Investigation are included in Appendix B.

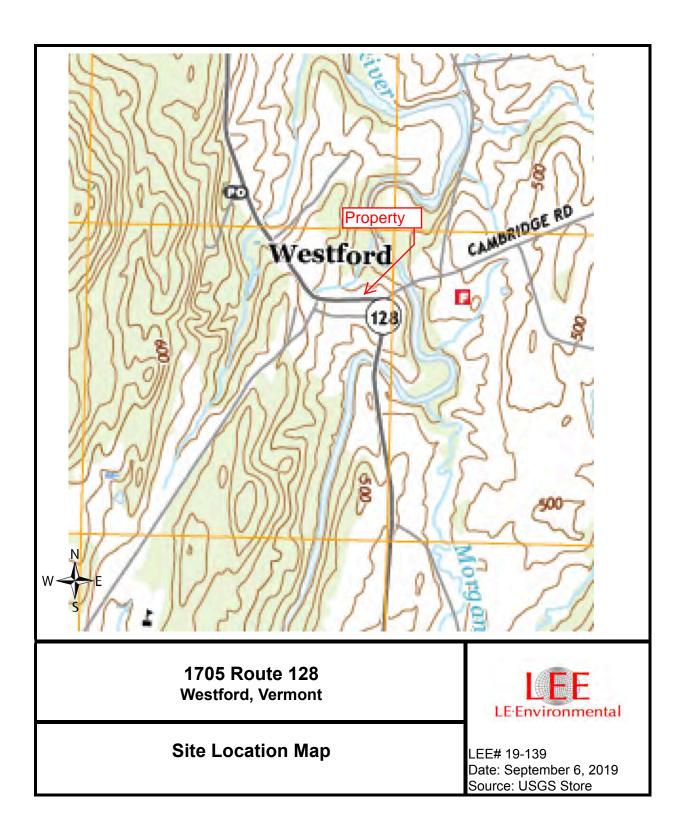
# 17.0 CONTRACTOR LIST

Due to the contaminated soil present on the Site a contractor with Hazardous Sites Training according to OSHA, 29 CFR 1910.120 must perform the excavation and soil disposal work. A request for bids will be sent to a select group of local contractors for competitive bids as described in Section 8.



# APPENDIX A

MAPS
Site Location Map
ANR Atlas Map
Site Map
Excavation of Contaminated Soil Plan
Adjoining Property Owners Map
Archeologically Sensitive Area Map



# VERMONT

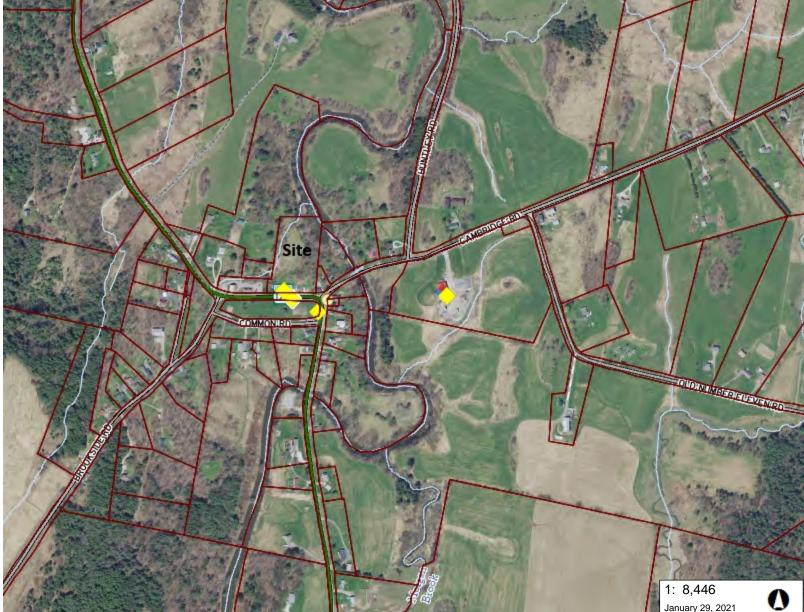
429.0



# Pigeon Property Vermont Agency of Natural Resources

# vermont.gov





# LEGEND

#### PFAS Results (Waste Manage

Hazsite, Non-Detect

Azsite, Below Standard

Hazsite, Detected-No Standards

Hazsite, Above Standard

Residuals, Non-Detect

Residuals, Below Standard

Residuals, Detected-No Standards

Residuals, Above Standard

· ·

Solid Waste, Non-Detect

Solid Waste, Below Standard

Solid Waste, Above Standard

Solid Waste, Detected-No Standard

Waste Water, Non Detect

Waste Water, Below Standard

Tracto Trator, Bolow Standard

Waste Water, Detected-No Standar

Waste Water, Above Standard

Hazardous Site

Hazardous Waste Generators

Brownfields

Salvage Yard

Aboveground Storage Tank

Underground Storage Tank (w

Chacigicana Clorage

Dry Cleaner

Parcels (standardized)

Roads

Interstate

LIC Historian A

# 0 214.00 429.0 Meters

WGS\_1984\_Web\_Mercator\_Auxiliary\_Sphere 1" = 704 Ft. 1cm = 84 Meters © Vermont Agency of Natural Resources THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION

DISCLAIMER: This map is for general reference only. Data layers that appear on this map may or may not be accurate, current, or otherwise reliable. ANR and the State of Vermont make no representations of any kind, including but not limited to, the warranties of merchantability, or fitness for a particular use, nor are any such warranties to be implied with respect to the data on this map.

#### NOTES

Map created using ANR's Natural Resources Atlas





21 North Main Street Unit #1 Waterbury, Vermont Phone: 802-917-2001 www.leenv.net Site Map
Pigeon Property
1705 Route 128
Westford, Vermont

Soil Gas Well

Sub-Slab Vapor Pin

Supply Well
Drain Line

Former Gas UST Drawing Date: 2/1/21 LEE Project #: 19-138





21 North Main Street Unit #1 Waterbury, Vermont Phone: 802-917-2001 www.leenv.net

**Excavation of Contaminated** Soil Plan Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont

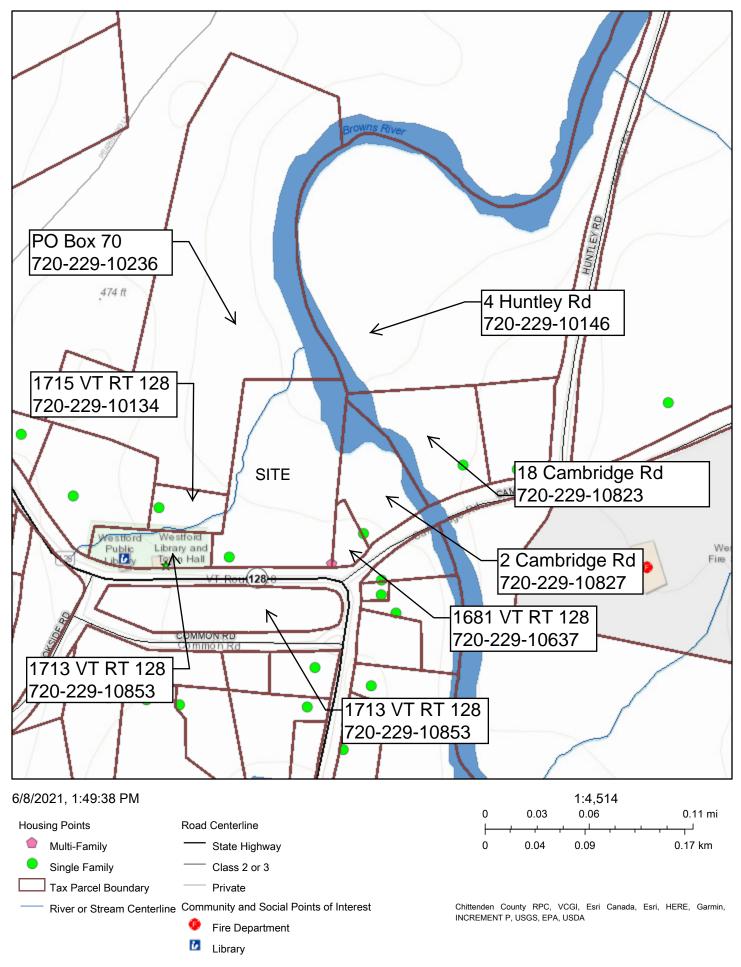
Previous Soil Boring Existing Monitoring Well

☐ Proposed Excavation

Historically Sensitive Area

Drawing Date: 6/29/21 LEE Project #: 19-138

# ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNERS MAP Westford, Vermont







# APPENDIX B

Phase II ESA and Supplemental Site Investigation Executive Summaries and Contaminant Summaries

# Brownfields Phase II ESA Report Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont



DEC SMS#2019-4863, EPA RFA 19093

July 24, 2020

Prepared for:

Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission 110 West Canal Street, Suite 202 Winooski, Vermont 05404



21 North Main Street Waterbury, Vermont 05676 (802) 917-2001 www.leenv.net

LEE #19-138



# Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Report Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

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E.		
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13.0		
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15.0		
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# 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

LE Environmental LLC (LEE) conducted a Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) at the Pigeon Property, located at 1705 Route 128, Westford, Chittenden County, Vermont (Site). The ESA was conducted pursuant to the approved Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum (SSQAPP Addendum) dated February 25, 2020, approved March 6, 2020, and the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process (ASTM E 1903-11). This assessment was conducted for the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission (CCRPC). This work is supported by the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the CCRPC, and the nineteen member municipalities in Chittenden County. CCRPC is funding this work via EPA Brownfields Assessment Grant #BF00A00483. The Site owner is the Pigeon Family Living Trust.

The Site includes a vacant residence and a former bus repair garage and gasoline filling station on approximately 3.3 acres of land. The buildings are currently unoccupied and are used for storage. The Site was developed prior to 1858, and historic Site use has include residential, a gasoline filling station, and automotive and bus repair. A small store was also once present on the southeastern portion of the property, and a tannery was noted on the adjoining property to the west in 1869.

The Site is located on the north side of Route 128. The area immediately surrounding the Site is the town center of Westford, with closely spaced residential homes, a municipal office building, a public library, and a town common. The DEC indicates that the Site is in a designated "urban background" zone for soil contamination. The topography of the Site is fairly flat on its south side, near Route 128, and then slopes downward to the north, toward the Browns River. There is also a ravine on the eastern side of the Site, which contains an outlet drainage pipe for the town common's stormwater system. No odors or sheens were noted on the water exiting the outlet pipe. Portions of the northern and eastern ends of the property appear to have wetland vegetation.

Three structures are currently present on the property. The residence is a twostory, wood framed structure with a full basement. The garage is a single-story, wood framed structure, with a slab on-grade foundation. The third building is a small wood framed shed.

LEE prepared a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) report for the property in September 2019, and three Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) were identified during the Phase I ESA:

1. Historic use of the property for bus/automotive repair and as a gasoline filling station.

July 24, 2020 Page 3



# Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Report Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

- 2. Possible presence of an abandoned underground storage tank (UST).
- 3. Historic adjoining property use as a tannery.

A Phase II ESA was recommended to determine whether contamination is present on the Site due to the identified RECs.

This Phase II ESA included removal of the abandoned gasoline UST, soil boring advancement, groundwater monitoring well installation, soil sampling, groundwater sampling, and drinking water sampling. Soils are the Site consist of sand with varying amounts of silty overlaying dense, native clay. The clay contained distinct sand layers in each boring.

An abandoned, 1,100-gallon, gasoline UST at the Site was removed from the Site on June 2, 2020. The UST was a relic of the former gasoline filling station that operated on the Site from circa 1940 through the mid 1980s. The age of the UST and piping is not known, but it appeared to be at least 80 years old. The UST was a single-walled tank, and piping from other former USTs was also encountered in the excavation. The piping for the removed UST appeared to have been cut near the former pump island, and had paper stuffed in the end. It was buried approximately 1.5' to 2' below grade, and was found to be in failed condition upon removal, with extensive rust, pitting, and several large holes in the bottom of the UST. Groundwater was encountered at 6' below grade in the excavation, and a sheen was noted on the groundwater.

The photoionization detector PID readings ranged from 17.1 parts per million (ppm) in soil under the former dispenser island to 2,374 ppm at the top of the tank where piping (not attached to this tank) was found. PID readings ranging from 1,286 ppm to 1644 ppm were observed under the UST, which was also where groundwater was encountered.

A pipe with unknown purpose was noted on the southern wall of the UST excavation. The excavation could not be extended in this direction due to the presence of Route 128 and special permitting, traffic control and engineering would be required to dig in this area.

The depth to water ranged from 4.45' below grade in the southern portion of the Site to 11.59' below grade in the northern portion of the Site. The overall groundwater flow beneath the Site appears to be northerly. The approximate hydraulic gradient is approximately 10% on the southern portion of the Site and 16% in the central and northern portions of the Site.

Groundwater is impacted with petroleum related Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) at concentrations above the Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) and above the vapor intrusion standards for groundwater in the vicinity of the former UST, and the plume extends northerly at least 200 feet. The limits of the

July 24, 2020 Page 4



# Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Report Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

dissolved-phase contaminant plume were not defined by this investigation. The overall low permeability of the native soils implies the migration of the contaminant plume will be limited. The low permeability of the soils was evident during sampling, where very low recharge was noted in the groundwater monitoring wells.

Shallow and deep soils are impacted with petroleum contamination in the southern portion of the property, near the former UST location, and in the parking area to the east. Shallow soils are impacted with Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in the area to the north of the garage. The limits of the contamination were not defined by this investigation.

No VOCs were reported in the drinking water sample obtained during this Phase II ESA.

LEE has developed the following recommendations during this Phase II ESA.

Additional delineation of soil and groundwater contamination should be completed. Additional groundwater sampling of the existing groundwater monitoring wells should be performed prior to delineation. A soil vapor investigation should be performed to ensure the contamination detected is not impacting the indoor air quality in the residence and garage. In addition, soil vapor should be investigated in areas slated for redevelopment. A suspect pipe near Route 128 should be investigated via a geophysical investigation in the roadway.

Once delineation is completed, an evaluation of corrective action alternatives (ECAA) and a corrective action plan (CAP) could be prepared per the requirements of Subchapter 6 of the DEC's I-Rule.

# 2.0 SITE INFORMATION

LE Environmental LLC (LEE) conducted a Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) at the Pigeon Property, located at 1705 Route 128, Westford, Chittenden County, Vermont (Site). The ESA was conducted pursuant to the approved Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum (SSQAPP Addendum) dated February 25, 2020, approved March 6, 2020, and the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process (ASTM E 1903-11). This assessment was conducted for the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission (CCRPC). This work is supported by the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the CCRPC, and the nineteen member municipalities in Chittenden County. CCRPC is funding this work via EPA Brownfields Assessment Grant #BF00A00483. The Site owner is the Pigeon Family Living Trust.

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# Appendix E

Laboratory Analytical Results

# Liquid Level Monitoring Data Brownfields Phase II ESA Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont

Measurement Date: June 17, 2020

					,			
	Top of	Depth To	Depth To		Specific		Corrected	Corrected
Well I.D.	Casing	Product	Water	Product	Gravity	Water	Depth	Water Table
	Elevation	btoc	btoc	Thickness	Of Product	Equivalent	To Water	Elevation
MW-1	99.22	-	4.45	-	-	-	-	94.77
MW-2	99.74	-	6.26	-	-	-	-	93.48
MW-3	99.03	-	11.59	-	-	-	-	87.44
MW-4	98.68	-	11.07	-	-	-	-	87.61
MW-5	81.18	ı	10.97	ı	ı	ı	ı	70.21

Notes:

All Values Reported in Feet

btoc - Below Top of Casing

Elevation data relative to 100' at SE corner of garage

#### Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Pigeon Property



	1000
	AS 100 A
	F10 000
	7558 MB000
	-
L C.C.	o circo o oo conto
	nvironmenta

Soil Data Summary Page 1 of 11															
Complete and control	Hem 4	D HCT 1	CD 1	cn ac	CD 2D			cn r	cn c	CD 7	D CD 5	1			
Sample Identification	UST-1	Dup UST-1	SB-1	SB-2S 0-1.5	SB-2D	SB-4S	SB-4D	SB-5	SB-6	SB-7	Dup SB-5	EDA D ' J ' . J	EDAT. J. a. d. J.	tree partitions	VSS Non-
Sample Depth (ft. bg)	6	-	0-1.5	193.0	13-15 1,392	0-1.5	9-11 39.4	9-10 2.7	0-1.5	0-1.5 0.3	9-10	EPA Residential	EPA Industrial		Residential
PID Reading (ppm) Sample Date	1,644 6/2/20	1,644 6/2/20	0.2 6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	1.8 6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	1.3 6/5/20	6/5/20	2.7 6/5/20	RSL (mg/kg)	RSL (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
	6/2/20	6/2/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20				
VOCs, EPA Method 8260C (mg/kg)	VD 04	ND 04	11D 04	VD 04	ND 04	VD 04	ND 04	11D 04	VD 04	ND 04	ND 04		0.70		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1				-
Chloromethane	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	110	460		- 0.50
Vinyl Chloride	ND<0.03	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.03	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.03		-	0.10	0.59
Bromomethane	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.1	ND<0.2	ND<0.1	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.1	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.1	6.8	30		-
Chloroethane (ethyl chloride)	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	14,000	57,000		-
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	23,000	350,000	-	-
Diethyl Ether	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.7	-	-	-	
Acetone	ND<3	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<3	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<3	- 220	1.000	40,609	100,028
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		1,000		-
Methylene chloride	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	57	-,,,,,		-
Carbon disulfide	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	-	-	608	662
MTBE	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	1.8 ND<0.06	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1		-	649	4,464
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05		ND<0.05	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	1,402	18,137
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	1.2 0.00	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	2.1	13
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	- 440	- 1011
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	140	1,814
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND<0.6	ND<0.6	ND<0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.7		-	16,952	26,991
Bromochloromethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	193	597
Tetrahydrofuran(THF)	ND<0.6	ND<0.6 ND<0.06	ND<0.6	ND<0.5 ND<0.05	ND<0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.6 ND<0.06	ND<0.5	ND<0.5 ND<0.05	ND<0.7		-	-	-
Chloroform	ND<0.06	1.2 0.00	ND<0.06	1.2 0.00	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	1.2 0.00	ND<0.05	1.2 0.00	ND<0.07		1.4		-
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	1.2 0.00	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-,	36,000		-
Carbon tetrachloride	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	0.37	2.2
1 ,1-Dichloropropene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	- 0.70	-
Benzene	43	32	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	8.7 ND<0.06	ND<0.05	0.079	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	0.70	4.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05		ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	0.29	1.7
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		-	0.68	6.5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		- 99	1.5	9.1
Dibromomethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05			ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		1.3		<del>-</del>
Bromodichloromethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07				-
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	ND<0.6 ND<0.06	ND<0.6	ND<0.6	ND<0.5	ND<0.6	ND<0.5 ND<0.05	ND<0.5 ND<0.05	ND<0.6 ND<0.06	ND<0.5 ND<0.05	ND<0.5	ND<0.7 ND<0.07		140,000 8.2		-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Toluene	ND<0.06 610	ND<0.06 520	ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.07		8.2	706	798
			ND<0.06		ND<0.6	ND<0.05 ND<0.05		ND<0.06					-		/98
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05			ND<0.05		ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07		8.2		<del>-</del>
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	1.1	1.300		-
2-Hexanone	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1		1,300		- 14
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.07 ND<0.07		23.000	2.4	14
1,3-Dichloropropane			ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06 ND<0.06	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.05 ND<0.05	ND<0.06 ND<0.06			ND<0.07 ND<0.07		23,000		-
Dibromochloromethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05					ND<0.05	ND<0.05					- 0.14
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.03	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.03	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.03	-	-	0.02	0.14
Chlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	414	726

NOTES:

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Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of residential soil thresholds are shaded.

Blank Cell=no published value (VSS) or published value not applicable (RSL)

# **Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Pigeon Property**

Westford, Vermont Soil Data Summary Page 2 of 11



Sample Identification	UST-1	Dup UST-1	SB-1	SB-2S	SB-2D	SB-4S	SB-4D	SB-5	SB-6	SB-7	Dup SB-5				VSS Non-
Sample Depth (ft. bg)	6	6	0-1.5	0-1.5	13-15	0-1.5	9-11	9-10	0-1.5	0-1.5	9-10	EPA Residential	EPA Industrial	VSS Residential	Residential
PID Reading (ppm)	1,644	1,644	0.2	193.0	1,392	1.8	39.4	2.7	1.3	0.3	2.7	RSL (mg/kg)	RSL (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	
Sample Date	6/2/20	6/2/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20				(mg/kg)
VOCs, EPA Method 8260C (mg/kg) (co	ntinued)														
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 2	8.8	-	-
Ethylbenzene	150	120	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	22	ND<0.05	0.20	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 -	-	3.7	22
mp-Xylene	700	620	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	82	ND<0.05	0.22	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	252	257
o-Xylene	280	250	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	32	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	232	237
Styrene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	6,000	35,000	-	-
Bromoform	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 19	86	-	-
IsoPropylbenzene (cumene)	14	16	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	2.4	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	p	264
Bromobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 290	1,800	-	-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	0.6	2.7	-	-
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 -	-	0.00311	0.07
n-Propylbenzene	46	37	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	7.3	ND<0.05	0.11	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	253	261
2-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	1,600	23,000	-	-
4-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	1,600	23,000	-	-
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	86	70	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	14	ND<0.05	0.39	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	144*	177*
tert-Butylbenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	7,009	102,200
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	340	330	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	53	ND<0.05	1.0	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	144*	177*
sec-Butylbenzene	4.7	4.8	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	0.77	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	0.13	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	7,009	102,200
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	-	-
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-cymene)	2.6	2.7	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	0.52	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	0.098	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	-	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	2.6	11	-	-
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	1,800	9,300	-	-
n-Butylbenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	-	-	3,504	51,100
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	0.0053	0.064	-	-
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 24	110	-	-
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 1.2	5.3	-	
Naphthalene	54	43	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	7.6	ND<0.1	0.19	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.01	-	-	2.7	16
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.06	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	ND<0.07	7 63	930	-	-

NOTES:

NOTES:

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Dashed Cell=no published value (VSS) or published value not applicable (RSL)

\* Standard for 1,3,5 and 1,2,4 TMB

# Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Pigeon Property Westford, Vermont Soil Data Summary

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							,00011								
Sample Identification	UST-1	Dup UST-1	SB-1	SB-2S	SB-2D	SB-4S	SB-4D	SB-5	SB-6	SB-7	Dup SB-5				VSS Non-
Sample Depth (ft. bg)	6	6	0-1.5	0-1.5	13-15	0-1.5	9-11	9-10	0-1.5	0-1.5	9-10	EPA Residential	EPA Industrial	VSS Residential	Residential
PID Reading (ppm)	1,644	1,644	0.2	193.0	1,392	1.8	39.4	2.7	1.3	0.3	2.7	RSL (mg/kg)	RSL (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Sample Date	6/2/20	6/2/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20				(mg/kg)
PAH EPA Method 8270D (mg/kg)															
Naphthalene	3.5	3.4	ND<0.009	0.012	0.018	ND<0.008	0.012	ND<0.009	0.045	0.024	ND<0.009	-	-	2.7	16
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.6	2.5	ND<0.009	0.0082	0.013	ND<0.008	0.0094	ND<0.009	0.019	0.0092	ND<0.009	240	3,000	-	-
1-Methylnaphthalene	1.2	1.2	ND<0.009	ND<0.007	ND<0.01	ND<0.008	0.0094	ND<0.009	0.017	ND<0.008	ND<0.009	18	73	-	-
Acenaphthylene	0.042	0.036	ND<0.009	0.044	ND<0.01	0.017	0.038	ND<0.009	0.37	0.23	ND<0.009	-	-	-	-
Acenaphthene	0.011	0.010	ND<0.009	ND<0.007	ND<0.01	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.009	0.021	0.011	ND<0.009	3,600	45,000	-	-
Fluorene	0.028	0.026	ND<0.009	ND<0.007	ND<0.01	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.009	0.11	0.051	ND<0.009	-	-	2,301	26,371
Phenanthrene	0.066	0.061	ND<0.009	0.10	ND<0.01	0.049	0.013	ND<0.009	1.0	0.47	ND<0.009	-	-	-	-
Anthracene	0.016	0.015	ND<0.009	0.031	ND<0.01	0.011	0.012	ND<0.009	0.26	0.12	ND<0.009	18,000	230,000	-	-
Fluoranthene	0.079	0.079	ND<0.009	0.28	ND<0.01	0.10	0.082	0.0090	2.2	1.4	0.011	-	-	2,301	26,371
Pyrene	0.082	0.084	ND<0.009	0.26	ND<0.01	0.10	0.12	ND<0.009	2.2	1.5	ND<0.009	1,800	23,000	-	-
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.041	0.041	ND<0.009	0.15	ND<0.01	0.052	0.033	ND<0.009	1.4	0.97	ND<0.009	1.1	21	-	-
Chrysene	0.047	0.046	ND<0.009	0.16	ND<0.01	0.058	0.039	ND<0.009	1.4	1.0	ND<0.009	110	2,100	-	-
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.087	0.083	ND<0.009	0.23	ND<0.01	0.084	0.15	ND<0.009	2.2	1.5	ND<0.009	1.1	21	-	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.033	0.031	ND<0.009	0.075	ND<0.01	0.027	0.051	ND<0.009	0.76	0.56	ND<0.009	11	210	-	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.067	0.064	ND<0.009	0.16	ND<0.01	0.065	0.12	ND<0.009	1.9	1.3	ND<0.009	-	-	0.07	1.54
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.066	0.059	ND<0.009	0.097	ND<0.01	0.048	0.090	ND<0.009	1.0	0.74	ND<0.009	1.1	21	-	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.013	0.012	ND<0.009	0.019	ND<0.01	0.0094	0.019	ND<0.009	0.24	0.16	ND<0.009	0.11	2.1	-	-
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.068	0.061	ND<0.009	0.087	ND<0.01	0.045	0.087	ND<0.009	0.84	0.62	ND<0.009	-	-	-	-
Total Reported PAHs	8.0	7.8	ND	1.71	0.031	0.67	0.88	0.0090	16.0	10.7	0.011	-	-	-	-
PAH TEQ as Benzo(a)pyrene	0.1	0.1	0.010	0.23	0.012	0.093	0.17	0.010	2.6	1.8	0.010	-	-		0.58 (urban bkgd)
TOTAL METALS, EPA Method 6020 (mg	g/kg, dry)														
Total Arsenic	8.4	6.9	4.1	3.1	8.6	6.0	2.7	6.4	5.4	4.0	6.9	-	-	16	16
Total Barium	130	140	110	65	140	43	21	140	82	56	140	-	-	11,247	127,382
Total Cadmium	0.56	0.52	ND<0.5	2.0	ND<0.5	65	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	-	6.9	87
Total Chromium	39	42	34	23	39	36	11	35	23	15	39	-	-	40,223	360,223
Total Lead	68	56	12	150	16	45	15	14	24	26	18	-	-	400	800
Total Mercury	0.11	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	-	-	3.1	3.1
Total Selenium	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	390	5,800	-	-
Total Silver	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	-	237	2,483
TPH (mg/kg, dry)				•	•		•								
ТРН	170	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		-	-	
L															

NOTES:

NOTES:
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Dashed Cell=no published value (VSS) or published value not applicable (RSL)

## Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

## Pigeon Property Westford, Vermont Soil Data Summary Page 4 of 11



				8	0 1 01 11						
Sample Identification	SB-1	SB-2S	SB-4S	SB-4D	SB-5	SB-6	SB-7	Dup SB-5			
Sample Depth (ft. bg)	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	9-11	9-10	0-1.5	0-1.5	9-10	EPA Residential	EPA Industrial	VSS Residential
PID Reading (ppm)	0.2	193.0	1.8	39.4	2.7	1.3	0.3	2.7	RSL (mg/kg)	RSL (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Sample Date	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20	6/5/20			
PCBs, EPA Method 8082 (mg/kg)											
Aroclor - 1016	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	4.1	27	NA
Aroclor - 1221	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.2	0.83	NA
Aroclor - 1232	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.17	0.72	NA
Aroclor - 1242	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.23	0.95	NA
Aroclor - 1248	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.23	0.94	NA
Aroclor - 1254	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	NA	0.97	0.12
Aroclor - 1260	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	0.24	0.99	NA
Aroclor - 1262	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	NA	NA	NA
Aroclor - 1268	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	ND<0.02	NA	NA	NA
Total PCBs	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	0.114

## Toxic Equivalency Calculations Pigeon Property Page 5 of 11

LEE LE-Environmental

## UST-1

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.041	0.1	0.0041
Chrysene	0.047	0.001	0.000047
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.087	0.1	0.0087
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.033	0.01	0.00033
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.067	1	0.067
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.066	0.1	0.0066
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.013	1	0.013
Total Benzo(a)pyrene Equivalent =			0.100

## DUP UST-1

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.041	0.1	0.0041
Chrysene	0.046	0.001	0.000046
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.083	0.1	0.0083
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.031	0.01	0.00031
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.064	1	0.064
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.059	0.1	0.0059
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.012	1	0.012
	Total Benz	0.095	

## SB-1

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Chrysene	ND<0.009	0.001	0.0000045
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.01	0.000045
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
	Total Benze	0.010	

## SB-2S

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.15	0.1	0.015
Chrysene	0.16	0.001	0.00016
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.23	0.1	0.023
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.075	0.01	0.00075
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.16	1	0.16
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.097	0.1	0.0097
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.019	1	0.019
	0.228		

## SB-2D

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<0.01	0.1	0.0005
Chrysene	ND<0.01	0.001	0.000005
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<0.01	0.1	0.0005
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<0.01	0.01	0.00005
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<0.01	1	0.005
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<0.01	0.1	0.0005
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.01	1	0.005
	Total Benz	0.012	

## Toxic Equivalency Calculations Pigeon Property Page 6 of 11



## SB-4S

	Concentration	Toxicity Equivalency	Toxicity Equivalents to
Contaminant	(mg/kg)	Factor	Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.052	0.1	0.0052
Chrysene	0.058	0.001	0.000058
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.084	0.1	0.0084
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.027	0.01	0.00027
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.065	1	0.065
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.048	0.1	0.0048
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0094	1	0.0094
	0.093		

## SB-4D

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.033	0.1	0.0033
Chrysene	0.039	0.001	0.000039
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.15	0.1	0.015
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.051	0.01	0.00051
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.12	1	0.12
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.090	0.1	0.009
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.019	1	0.019
	0.17		

## SB-5

	Concentration	Toxicity Equivalency	Toxicity Equivalents to
Contaminant	(mg/kg)	Factor	Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Chrysene	ND<0.009	0.001	0.0000045
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.01	0.000045
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
	Total Renz	o(a)nyrene Equivalent =	0.010

## SB-6

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.4	0.1	0.14
Chrysene	1.4	0.001	0.0014
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.2	0.1	0.22
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.76	0.01	0.0076
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.9	1	1.9
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.0	0.1	0.1
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.24	1	0.24
	2.6		

### SB-7

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.97	0.1	0.097
Chrysene	1.0	0.001	0.001
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.5	0.1	0.15
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.56	0.01	0.0056
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.3	1	1.3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.74	0.1	0.074
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.16	1	0.16
	Total Benzo(a)pyrene Equivalent =		

## Dup SB-5

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Chrysene	ND<0.009	0.001	0.0000045
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<0.009	0.01	0.000045
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND<0.009	0.1	0.00045
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.009	1	0.0045
	Total Benz	0.010	

## **Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property** 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont



## Page 7 of 11

			Page 7	01 11				
Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	Duplicate		
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	4.45	6.26	11.59	11.07	10.97	4.45	I-Rule	Vermont
pH (standard units)	6.27	6.41	6.69	6.78	7.01	6.27	Groundwater	
Conductivity (umhos)	7,460	520	103.9	1,006	228.00	7,460	Vapor Intrusion	Groundwater
Temperature (celcius)	16.0	12.3	13.1	15.0	14.6	16.0	Standard-	Enforcement
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	138	173	113	910	NR	138	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20		
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)								
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
Chloromethane	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
Vinyl Chloride	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	0.13	2
Bromomethane	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	5
Chloroethane	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	31,000	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
Diethyl Ether	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
Acetone	ND<1000	12	19	ND<10	50	ND<1000	-	950
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	7
Methylene chloride	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	680	5
Carbon disulfide	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	2,100	ND<1	ND<1	2.8	ND<1	2,100	-	11
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	100
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	270	70
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	70
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND<1,000	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<1,000	-	511
Bromochloromethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	8
Tetrahydrofuran(THF)	ND<1,000	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<1,000	=	-
Chloroform	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	0.41	-
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	200
Carbon tetrachloride	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	0.24	5
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
Benzene	14,000.	1.3	ND<1	ND<1	1.8	13,000.	0.92	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	5
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	0.82	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	5
Dibromomethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
Bromodichloromethane	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	-
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	ND<1,000	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<1,000	-	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	-
Toluene	34,000	1.1	ND<1	ND<1	8.2	34,000	-	1000
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	=	-
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	5
2-Hexanone	ND<1,000	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	ND<1,000	-	-
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	1.5	5
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-

Groundwater Enforcement Standard from Vermont Groundwater Protection Rule 7/19 Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19

Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of regulatory criteria are shaded.

Dashed Cell - no standard

NR = no reading due to meter capabilty

## Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont



### 705 Route 128, Westford, Page 8 of 11

			Page 8	01 11				
Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	Duplicate		
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	4.45	6.26	11.59	11.07	10.97	4.45	I-Rule	Vermont
pH (standard units)	6.27	6.41	6.69	6.78	7.01	6.27	Groundwater	Groundwater
Conductivity (umhos)	7,460	520	103.9	1,006	228.00	7,460	Vapor Intrusion	Enforcement
Temperature (celcius)	16.0	12.3	13.1	15.0	14.6	16.0	Standard-	
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	138	173	113	910	NR	138	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20		
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)								
Dibromochloromethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	0.05
Chlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	100
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<2	ND<2	ND<1	ND<100	-	70
Ethylbenzene	3,900	9.4	ND<1	ND<1	1.0	4,000	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	13,000	18	ND<1	ND<1	3.6	14,000	-	10000**
o-Xylene	6,000	2	ND<1	ND<1	1.3	6,300	-	10000**
Styrene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	100
Bromoform	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<200	-	-
IsoPropylbenzene	120	1.5	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	140	-	-
Bromobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	0.02
n-Propylbenzene	330	4.1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	380	-	-
2-Chlorotoluene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
4-Chlorotoluene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	770	7.1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	890	330	23*
tert-Butylbenzene	ND<100	2.1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2,900	22	ND<1	ND<1	1.4	3,200	470	23*
sec-Butylbenzene	ND<100	2.3	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	600
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND<100	1.1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	•	75
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	600
n-Butylbenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	-
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND<20	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<20	-	0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<100	-	70
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	-
Naphthalene	640	5.3	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.55	690	4	0.5
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<50	-	0.9
Total Reported VOCs	77,760	89	19	2.8	68	78,700		

NOTES:

Groundwater Enforcement Standard from Vermont Groundwater Protection Rule  $7/19\,$ 

Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19

Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of regulatory criteria are shaded.

Dashed Cell - no standard

\* means total trimethylbenzenes \*\* means total xylenes

NR = no reading due to meter capabilty



## **Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary** Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont



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			rage	01 11				
Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	Duplicate		
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	4.45	6.26	11.59	11.07	10.97	4.45	I-Rule	Vermont
pH (standard units)	6.27	6.41	6.69	6.78	7.01	6.27	Groundwater	Groundwater
Conductivity (umhos)	7,460	520	103.9	1,006	228.00	7,460	Vapor Intrusion	Enforcement
Temperature (celcius)	16.0	12.3	13.1	15.0	14.6	16.0	Standard-	
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	138	173	113	910	NR	138	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20	6/17/20		
RCRA Metals, EPA Method 6020a (mg/	1)							
Total Arsenic	0.017	0.0057		0.0031		0.017	-	0.010
Total Barium	1.6	0.71		0.46		1.6	-	2
Total Cadmium	0.0012	0.0019		0.0012		0.0012	-	0.005
Total Chromium	0.022	ND<0.001	Insufficient	0.0019	Insufficient	0.024	-	0.100
Total Lead	0.12	0.0011	Water	0.0057	Water	0.12	-	0.015
					1			0.000
Total Mercury	ND<0.0001	ND<0.0001		ND<0.0001		ND<0.0001	2.0	0.002
	ND<0.0001 <b>0.0047</b>	ND<0.0001 ND<0.001	ł	ND<0.0001 ND<0.001		0.0034		0.002

Groundwater Enforcement Standard from Vermont Groundwater Protection Rule 7/19

Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19
Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of regulatory criteria are shaded.
Dashed Cell - no standard

## Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Drinking Water Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

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Sample	DWS-1	
Sample Date	6/17/20	MCL
VOCs, EPA Method 524.2 (ug/L)	, ,	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND<0.5	-
Chloromethane	ND<0.5	-
Vinyl Chloride	ND<0.5	2.
Bromomethane	ND<0.5	-
Chloroethane	ND<0.5	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<0.5	-
Diethyl Ether	ND<5	-
Acetone	ND<10	-
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	7
tert-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	ND<30	
Methylene chloride	ND<0.5	5
Carbon disulfide	ND<2	-
MTBE	ND<0.5	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	100
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND<0.5	-
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.5	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	70
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND<5	-
Bromochloromethane	ND<0.5	-
Tetrahydrofuran(THF)	ND<5	-
Chloroform	ND<0.5	80*
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<0.5	200
Carbon tetrachloride	ND<0.5	5
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND<0.5	-
Benzene	ND<0.5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<0.5	5
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND<0.5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.5	5
Dibromomethane	ND<0.5	-
Bromodichloromethane	ND<0.5	80*
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	ND<5	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<0.3	-
Toluene	ND<0.5	1000
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<0.3	-
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<0.5	5
2-Hexanone	ND<5	-
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND<0.05	5
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND<0.05	-
Dibromochloromethane	ND<0.05	80*

### NOTES:

Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) published in the Water Supply Rule, 3/2020 ND<xx = Not Detected< Detection Limit; Results reported above detection limits are indicated in bold Reporting limits and reported concentrations equal to or above the MCL are shaded

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^*}$  means the indicated enforcement standard is for total trihalomethanes

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total xylenes

## Brownfields Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Drinking Water Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

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Sample	DWS-1	
Sample Date	6/17/20	MCL
VOCs, EPA Method 524.2 (ug/L) (continued)	)	
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.05	0.05
Chlorobenzene	ND<0.05	100
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.5	-
Ethylbenzene	ND<0.5	700
mp-Xylene	ND<0.5	10000***
o-Xylene	ND<0.5	10000***
Styrene	ND<0.5	100
Bromoform	ND<0.5	80*
IsoPropylbenzene	ND<0.5	-
Bromobenzene	ND<0.5	-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.5	-
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND<0.5	-
n-Propylbenzene	ND<0.5	•
2-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.5	-
4-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.5	-
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND<0.5	•
tert-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	•
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ND<0.5	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND<0.5	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	75
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	600.
n-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND<0.5	0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	70
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<0.5	-
Naphthalene	ND<0.5	-
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	-
Total Reported VOCs	ND	-

### NOTES:

Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) published in the Water Supply Rule, 3/2020 ND<xx = Not Detected< Detection Limit; Results reported above detection limits are indicated in bold Reporting limits and reported concentrations equal to or above the MCL are shaded

<sup>\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total trihalomethanes

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total xylenes

#### \*\*\*Read the directions, in their entirety, on the 'Directions' Tab before use.\*\*\*

Select chemicals from dropdown list

			*RB-RSV <sub>n</sub>	Sample Concentration	Calculated Sample	Calculated Sample
Analyte	CASRN	*RB-RSV., (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	ILCR (unitless)	HQ (unitless)
2,3,7,8-TCDD TEQ <sup>6</sup> BaP-TE <sup>6</sup>	1746-01-6°	2.25E-06 7.28E-02	4.91E-05 NA	1.00E-02	Analyte conc. < RL 1.37E-07	Analyte conc. < RL No noncancer RB-RSV
Bar-TE" Benzo(a)pyrene"	50.32.8	7.28E-02 NA	1.72E+01	1.00E-02	1.37t-07 Included in BaP-TE	No noncancer RB-RSV  Analyte conc. < RL
Total PCBs'	1336-36-3	1.14E-01	1.13E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	NA.	1.22E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Acetone	67-64-1	NA NA	4.06E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Alachlor	15972-60-8 309-00-2	NA 2.02E-02	6.08E+01 2.10E+00		No cancer RB-RSV Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Aluminum	7429-90-5	2.02E-02	7.25E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Antimony	7440-36-0	NA.	2.60E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Barium	7440-39-3	NA NA	1.12E+04	1.10E+02	No cancer RB-RSV	9.78E-03
Benomyl	17804-35-2	1.16E+02	7.90E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Beryflium	71-43-2 7440-41-7	6.98E-01 5.67E+02	1.11E+02 3.45E+01		Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Bis/2-chloro-1-methyl ethyllether	108,60,1	5.67E+02	3.45E+03		No cancer RR-RSV	Analyte conc. k RL
Boron	7440-42-8	NA NA	1.47E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromate	15541-45-4	5.36E-01	2.93E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromochloromethane	74-97-5	NA NA	1.93E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromoxynil	1689-84-5	2.69E+00	9.12E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Butylbenzene, n- Butylbenzene, sec-	104-51-8 135-98-8	NA NA	3.50E+03 7.01E+03		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Butylbenzene, sec- Butylbenzene, tert-	98.05.6	NA NA	7.01E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Cadmium (food)	7440-43-9	7.56E+02	6.86E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Carbaryl	63-25-2	3.17E+02	6.08E+03		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	NA NA	6.08E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	3.72E-01 NA	1.30E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Chlorobenzene Chromium (III) (insoluble salts)	16065-83-1	NA NA	4.14E+02 4.02E+04	3.40E+01	No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL 8.45E-04
Chromium (III) (Insoluble salts)	18540-29-9	9.06E-02	1.16E+02	3,400101	Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Cobalt	7440-48-4	1.51E+02	2.19E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Copper	7440-50-8	NA NA	1.04E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	1.98E+01	1.22E+03		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dibromochloropropane	96-12-8	6.00E-03	6.63E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dibromoethane, 1,2- Dichloroethane, 1,1-	106-93-4 75-34-3	2.27E-02 2.10E+00	1.15E+02 1.40E+04		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethane, 1,1- Dichloroethane, 12-	107-06-2	2.10E+00 2.85E-01	4.95E+01		Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethylene, cis 1,2-	156-59-2	NA NA	1.40E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethylene, trans 1,2-	156-60-5	NA NA	1.40E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	78-87-5	1.51E+00	2.63E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dioxane, 1,4-	123-91-1	2.78E+00 3.68E+00	1.05E+03		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Ethylbenzene	206-44-0	3.68E+00 NA	4.45E+02 2.30E+03		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Fluoranthene Fluorene	86-73-7	NA NA	2.30E+03 2.30E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.31E-01	5.61E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	121-82-4	4.60E+00	2.90E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	NA NA	4.91E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Iron	7439-89-6	NA NA	5.13E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	98-82-8 7439-96-5	NA NA	2.56E+02 1.12E+03		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Manganese (non-diet) Mercury (elemental)	7439-90-5	NA NA	3.13E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Methyl ethyl ketone	78,93,3	NA NA	1.70F+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4	NA NA	6.49E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	NA NA	3.66E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.72E+00	2.24E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Nickel Octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX	7440-02-0	5.23E+03 NA	9.40E+02 3.70E+03		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	4.84E-01	2.37E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)	78-11-5	NA.	1.22E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perchiorate	14797-73-0	NA NA	5.13E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	375-85-9	NA NA	1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	355-46-4	NA NA	1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)  Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	375-95-1 1763-23-1	NA NA	1.22E+00 1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Pefluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	335-67-1	3.96E+00	1.22E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Propoxur (Baygon)	114-26-1	7.88E+01	2.43E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Propyl benzene, n-	103-65-1	NA NA	2.53E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Selenium	7782-49-2	NA NA	3.66E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Silver	7440-22-4	NA 4 335 - 00	2.37E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Tetrachioroethane, 1,1,1,2- Tetrachioroethylene	630-20-6 127-18-4	1.32E+00 2.38E+00	2.10E+03 1.13E+02		Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Thallium (soluble Thallium)	7440-28-0**	NA NA	7.33E-01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Toluene	108-88-3	NA NA	7.06E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	6.81E-01	6.21E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Trichloropropane, 1,2,3-	96-18-4	3.11E-03	8.67E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	526-73-8	NA NA	2.06E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	95-63-6 108-67-8	NA NA	1.66E+02 1.44E+02		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Trinitrotoluene, 2,4,6- (TNT)	118-96-7	1.15E+01	3.49E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
	NA.	NA NA	4.40E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Uranium (soluble salts)		NA.	2.77E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Vanadium	7440-62-2					
Vanadium Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	9.83E-02	8.51E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Vanadium Vinyl chloride Xylenes	75-01-4 1330-20-7	9.83E-02 NA	8.51E+01 2.52E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Vanadium Vinyl chloride Xylenes Zinc	75-01-4 1330-20-7 7440-66-6	9.83E-02	8.51E+01		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Vanadium Vinyl chloride Xylenes	75-01-4 1330-20-7 7440-66-6 pendix E, Table 1.	9.83E-02 NA NA	8.51E+01 2.52E+02 2.20E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL

Notice:

1.29E-47

1.06E-62

1.29E-47

1.29E-47

1.06E-62

1.29E-47

1.29E-4

f. The Total PCBs row should include the sum of the concentrations for all PCBs except dioxin-like PCBs. Dioxin-like PCBs should be included in the 2,3,7,8-TCDD TE concentration entry.

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#### \*\*\*Read the directions, in their entirety, on the 'Directions' Tab before use.\*\*\*

Select chemicals from dropdown list

					Calculated	Calculated
Analyte	CASRN	100 DCU ( 0)	*RB-RSV, (mg/kg)	Sample Concentration (mg/kg)	Sample ILCR (unitless)	Sample HO (unitless)
2,3,7,8-TCDD TEQ <sup>6</sup>	1746-01-6*	*RB-RSV,, (mg/kg) 2.25E-06	(mg/kg) 4.91E-05	(mg/xg)	Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
BaP-TE <sup>4</sup>	-	7.28E-02	NA.	9.30E-02	1.28E-06	No noncancer RB-RSV
Benzo(a)pyrene* Total PCRe*	50-32-8	NA 1.14F-01	1.72E+01 1.13E+00	6.50E-02	Included in BaP-TE Analyte conc. < RI	3.79E-03 Analyte conc. x 81
Total PCBs' Anethorhior	1336-36-3 34256-82-1	1.14E-01 NA	1.13E+00 1.22E+03		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Acetone	67-64-1	NA NA	4.06E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Alachior	15972-60-8	NA NA	6.08E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Aldrin	309-00-2	2.02E-02	2.10E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Aluminum Antimony	7429-90-5 7440-36-0	NA NA	7.25E+04 2.60E+01		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Barium	7440-39-3	NA NA	1.12E+04	4.30E+01	No cancer RB-RSV	3.82E-03
Benomyl	17804-35-2	1.16E+02	7.90E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Benzene	71-43-2	6.98E-01	1.11E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Beryllium Bis(2-chloro-1-methyl ethyl)ether	7440-41-7	5.67E+02 NA	3.45E+01 2.80E+03		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RR-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Boron	7440-42-8	NA NA	1.47E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromate	15541-45-4	5.36E-01	2.93E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromochloromethane	74-97-5	NA NA	1.93E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Bromoxynil Butvibenzene, n-	1689-84-5 104-51-8	2.69E+00 NA	9.12E+02 3.50E+03		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Butybenzene, sec-	135-98-8	NA NA	7.01E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Butylbenzene, tert-	98-06-6	NA NA	7.01E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Cadmium (food)	7440-43-9	7.56E+02	6.86E+00	6.50E+01	8.60E-08	9.48E+00
Carbaryl Carbon Disulfide	63-25-2 75-15-0	3.17E+02	6.08E+03 6.08E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Carbon Disumbe Carbon tetrachloride	56.23.5	NA 3.72F.01	1.30F±02		No cancer RB-RSV Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	NA NA	4.14E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Chromium (III) (insoluble salts)	16065-83-1	NA NA	4.02E+04	3.60E+01	No cancer RB-RSV	8.95E-04
Chromium (VI)	18540-29-9	9.06E-02	1.16E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Copalt Copper	7440-48-4 7440-50-8	1.51E+02 NA	2.19E+01 1.04E+04		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Di (2-ethylhexyl) ohthalate	117-81-7	1.98E+01	1.04E+04 1.22E+03		No cancer RB-RSV Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Dibromochloropropane	96-12-8	6.00E-03	6.63E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dibromoethane, 1,2-	105-93-4	2.27E-02	1.15E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethane, 1,1-	75-34-3	2.10E+00	1.40E+04		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	107-06-2 156-59-2	2.85E-01 NA	4.95E+01 1.40E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloroethylene, cis 1,2- Dichloroethylene, trans 1,2-	156-60-5	NA NA	1.40E+03		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	78-87-5	1.51E+00	2.63E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Dioxane, 1,4-	123-91-1	2.78E+00	1.05E+03		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4 206-44-0	3.68E+00 NA	4.45E+02 2.30E+03		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL 4.35E-05
Fluoranthene Fluorene	206-44-0 86-73-7	NA NA	2.30E+03 2.30E+03	1.00E-01	No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	4.35E-05 Analyte conc. < RL
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.31E-01	5.61E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	121-82-4	4.60E+00	2.90E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	NA NA	4.91E+01		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
iron	7439-89-6	NA NA	5.13E+04 2.56E+02		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
isopropylbenzene (cumene) Manganese (non-diet)	7439-96-5	NA NA	2.56E+02 1.12E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Mercury (elemental)	7439-97-6	NA.	3.13E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	NA NA	1.70E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4	NA NA	6.49E+02 3.66E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Molybdenum Naphthalene	7439-98-7 91-20-3	NA 2.72E+00	3.66E+02 2.24E+02		No cancer RB-RSV Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Nickel	7440-02-0	5.23E+03	9.40E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)	2691-41-0	NA NA	3.70E+03		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	4.84E-01	2.37E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN) Perchlorate	78-11-5	NA NA	1.22E+02 5.13E+01		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	375-85-9	NA NA	1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	355-46-4	NA NA	1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	375-95-1	NA NA	1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	1763-23-1 335-67-1	NA 3.96E+00	1.22E+00 1.22E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Pefluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) Propoxur (Baygon)	114-26-1	7.88E+00	2.43E+00		Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Propyl benzene, n-	103-65-1	NA NA	2.53E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Selenium	7782-49-2	NA NA	3.66E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Silver	7440-22-4	NA NA	2.37E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,1,2-	630-20-6 127-18-4	1.32E+00 2.38E+00	2.10E+03 1.13E+02		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Tetrachloroethylene Thallium (soluble Thallium)	7440-28-0**	2.38E+00	7.33E-01		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Toluene	108-88-3	NA NA	7.06E+02		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	6.81E-01	6.21E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Trichloropropane, 1,2,3-	96-18-4	3.11E-03	8.67E+00		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	526-73-8	NA NA	2.06E+02		No cancer R8-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	95-63-6 108-67-8	NA NA	1.66E+02 1.44E+02		No cancer RB-RSV No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Trinitrotoluene, 2,4,6- (TNT)	118-96-7	1.15E+01	3.49E+01		Analyte conc. < RL	Analyte conc. < RL
Uranium (soluble salts)	NA.	NA NA	4.40E+01		No cancer R8-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Vanadium	7440-62-2	NA NA	2.77E+00		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL
Vinyl chloride Xylenes	75-01-4	9.83E-02 NA	8.51E+01 2.52E+02		Analyte conc. < RL No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
Xytenes Zinc	7440-66-6	NA NA	2.32E+02 2.20E+04		No cancer RB-RSV	Analyte conc. < RL Analyte conc. < RL
a. RB-RSV <sub>is</sub> corresponds to a one-in-one million ILCR. See IRULE App			2.202-04		Sample	Sample
b. RB-RSV <sub>n</sub> corresponds to a HQ of 1 based on Hypothetical Young 0		nario. See IRULE Appendi	s E, Table 1.		Cumulative ILCR:	HI:
					1.36E-06	9.49E+00

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18

f. The Total PCBs row should include the sum of the concentrations for all PCBs except dioxin-like PCBs. Dioxin-like PCBs should be included in the 2,3,7,8-TCDD TE concentration entry.

# Brownfields Supplemental Site Investigation Report Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont



DEC SMS#2019-4863, EPA RFA 19093

February 12, 2021

Prepared for:

Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission 110 West Canal Street, Suite 202 Winooski, Vermont 05404

> Co-Operative Insurance Companies 292 Colonial Drive Middlebury, VT 05753



21 North Main Street
Waterbury, Vermont 05676
(802) 917-2001
<a href="https://www.leenv.net">www.leenv.net</a>
LEE #19-138



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## 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

LE Environmental LLC (LEE) conducted a Brownfields Supplement Site Investigation (SSI) at the Pigeon Property, located at 1705 Route 128, Westford, Chittenden County, Vermont (Site). The SSI was conducted pursuant to the approved Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum (SSQAPP Addendum) dated November 12, 2020, approved November 16, 2020, and the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process (ASTM E 1903-11). This assessment was conducted for the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission (CCRPC) and Co-Operative Insurance Companies. A portion of this work is supported by the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the CCRPC, and the nineteen member municipalities in Chittenden County. CCRPC is funding this work via EPA Brownfields Assessment Grant #BF00A00483. The Site owner is the Pigeon Family Living Trust.

The Site includes a vacant residence and a former bus repair garage and gasoline filling station on approximately 3.3 acres of land. The buildings are currently unoccupied and are used for storage. The Site was developed prior to 1858, and historic Site use has included residential, a gasoline filling station, and automotive and bus repair. A small store was also once present on the southeastern portion of the property, and a tannery was noted on the adjoining property to the west in 1869.

The Site is located on the north side of Route 128. The area immediately surrounding the Site is the town center of Westford, with closely spaced residential homes, a municipal office building, a public library, and a town common. The DEC indicates that the Site is in a Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) designated "urban background" zone for soil contamination. The topography of the Site is fairly flat on its south side, near Route 128, and then slopes downward to the north, toward the Browns River. There is also a ravine on the eastern side of the Site, which contains an outlet drainage pipe for the town common's stormwater system. No odors or sheens have been noted on the water exiting the outlet pipe. Portions of the northern and eastern ends of the property appear to have wetland vegetation.

Three structures are currently present on the property. The residence is a two-story, wood framed structure with a full basement. The garage is a single-story, wood framed structure, with a slab on-grade foundation. The third building is a small wood framed shed.

A Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was conducted in 2020 to investigate Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) identified in a 2019 Phase

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Investigation Report Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

I ESA. The ESA concluded the abandoned gasoline underground storage tank (UST) had failed and soils and groundwater in the vicinity were impacted with Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) above regulatory standards. A pipe with unknown purpose was also noted on the southern wall of the UST excavation. The excavation could not be extended in this direction due to the presence of Route 128 and special permitting, traffic control and engineering would be required to dig in this area. The limits of the dissolved-phase contaminant plume were not defined during the Phase II ESA.

Shallow and deep soils were found to be impacted with petroleum contamination in the southern portion of the property, near the former UST location, and in the parking area to the east. Shallow soils are impacted with Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in the area to the north and northeast of the garage. The limits of the PAH contamination were not defined during the Phase II ESA. LEE recommended additional delineation of soil and groundwater contamination should be completed.

The SSI included a geophysical investigation in the roadway near the suspect pipe noted during the UST removal, an additional round of groundwater sampling of the existing groundwater monitoring wells followed by installation of additional groundwater monitoring wells and a subsequent round of groundwater sampling, a soil boring investigation of shallow soil PAH contamination, drinking water sampling, and a soil vapor investigation.

A geophysical investigation was conducted to investigate the area around the suspect pipe noted on the southern edge of the previous UST excavation on November 24, 2020. No evidence of a pipe or additional USTs beneath Route 128 was noted during the geophysical investigation.

A confirmatory round of groundwater sampling was performed on December 3, 2020. The depth to water ranged from 2.86' below grade (bg) at MW-1 to 8.62' bg at MW-5. Concentrations of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, trimethylbenzenes, and naphthalene in excess of the Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) were reported in the vicinity of the former UST location (MW-1). Ethylbenzene was reported in MW-2 below the VGES. No contaminant concentrations were reported above laboratory detection limits in MW-3, MW-4, or MW-5. A supply well sample was also obtained on December 3, 2020, and no VOCs were reported in the water supply sample.

Thirteen soil borings were advanced at the Site on December 21, 2020. Ten soil samples and a duplicate were obtained during drilling. Three additional groundwater monitoring wells, four soil gas wells, and two vapor pins were installed.

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Investigation Report Pigeon Property, 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

PAH toxicity equivalency quotient (TEQ) concentrations in excess of the DEC's Statewide Urban Background concentration were identified in five of the ten shallow soil samples obtained in this SSI (SB-102, SB-103, SB-104, SB-105, and SB-106). The northwestern, western, southern, and eastern limits of the PAH-impacted shallow soil were identified by the SSI sampling. However, the northern-most soil shallow soil samples contained PAH TEQ above the DEC's Statewide Urban Background concentration, indicating the extent of the contamination continues to the north some distance. The area of soils impacted is likely correlated to the historic storage of buses, auto parts, and other machinery in this area.

An additional round of groundwater sampling, including the three newly installed monitoring wells, was performed on January 7, 2021. The depth to water ranged from 2.09' bg at MW-7 to 10.27' bg at MW-5. Concentrations of MTBE, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, trimethylbenzenes, and naphthalene in excess of the VGES were reported in MW-1. A naphthalene concentration in excess of the VGES was reported in MW-8. Concentrations of ethylbenzene and 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene below the VGES were reported in MW-2.

The northern, western, and southern portions of the groundwater contaminant plume have been defined. The eastern edge of the plume is not fully defined, but it likely terminates in the vicinity of MW-8 based on the fairly low concentration of naphthalene reported there.

Three soil gas, two sub-slab soil gas, and one outdoor ambient air sample were obtained on January 2, 2021. The soil gas samples were analyzed for the presence of VOCs via EPA Method TO-15.

Several VOCs were reported in the soil gas samples including: benzene, carbon tetrachloride, ethylbenzene, methylene chloride, tetrachloroethene (PCE), acetone, ethanol, isopropanol, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, Freon 11, and xylenes. None of the reported concentrations exceeded DEC's residential vapor intrusion standards.

LEE has developed the following recommendations during this SSI:

- Groundwater monitoring should continue to be performed on an annual basis to track the groundwater contaminant plume at the Site.
- An evaluation of corrective action alternatives (ECAA) and a corrective action plan (CAP) should be prepared per the requirements of Subchapter 6 of the DEC's I-Rule.

## Liquid Level Monitoring Data Brownfields Phase II ESA Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont

Measurement Date: December 3, 2020

	Top of	Depth To	Depth To		Specific		Corrected	Corrected
Well I.D.	Casing	Product	Water	Product	Gravity	Water	Depth	Water Table
	Elevation	btoc	btoc	Thickness	Of Product	Equivalent	To Water	Elevation
MW-1	99.22	-	2.86	-	-	-	-	96.36
MW-2	99.74	-	5.81	-	-	1	1	93.93
MW-3	99.03	-	4.70	-	-	-	-	94.33
MW-4	98.68	-	5.09	-	-	-	-	93.59
MW-5	81.18	-	8.62	-	-	-	-	72.56

Notes:

All Values Reported in Feet

btoc - Below Top of Casing

Elevation data relative to 100' at SE corner of garage

# Brownfields Phase II ESA Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont

**Measurement Date: January 7, 2021** 

	Top of	Depth To	Depth To		Specific		Corrected	Corrected
Well I.D.	Casing	Product	Water	Product	Gravity	Water	Depth	Water Table
	Elevation	btoc	btoc	Thickness	Of Product	Equivalent	To Water	Elevation
MW-1	99.22	-	3.57	-	-	-	-	95.65
MW-2	99.74	-	6.19	-	-	-	-	93.55
MW-3	99.03	1	9.37	-	-	1	•	89.66
MW-4	98.68	1	7.25	-	-	1	•	91.43
MW-5	81.18	-	10.27	-	-	-	-	70.91
MW-6	99.99	1	3.80	-	-	1	1	96.19
MW-7	100.30	-	2.09	-	-	-	•	98.21
MW-8	98.37	-	6.31	-	-	-	-	92.06

Notes:

All Values Reported in Feet

btoc - Below Top of Casing

Elevation data relative to 100' at SE corner of garage

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary **Pigeon Property** 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 1 of 6



Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	Duplicate				
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	2.86	5.81	4.70	5.09	8.62	5.81	I-Rule	Vermont		
pH (standard units)	7.24	6.78	6.87	6.68	6.52	6.78	Groundwater	Groundwater		
Conductivity (umhos)	2,390	473	1,242	866	416	473	Vapor Intrusion	Enforcement		
Temperature (celcius)	8.2	10.3	9.6	9.4	8.8	10.3	Standard-	Standard		
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	711	749	13.4	106	550	749	Resident (ug/l)	(ug/l)		
Sample Date	12/3/20	12/3/20	12/3/20	12/3/20	12/3/20	12/3/20				
/OCs, EPA Method 8260c VT Petroleum List (ug/l)										
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND<200	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	11		
Benzene	4,900.	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	0.92	5		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<200	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	5		
Toluene	15,000	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	1000		
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<100	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.05		
Ethylbenzene	2,500	1.5	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	1.4	2.2	700		
mp-Xylene	12,000	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**		
o-Xylene	5,700	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**		
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	880	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	330	23*		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3,300	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*		
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	950	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	790	23*		
Naphthalene	710	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	0.5		
Total Reported VOCs	45,940	1.5	ND	ND	ND	1.4				

NOTES:

NOTES:
Groundwater Enforcement Standard from Vermont Groundwater Protection Rule 7/19
Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19
Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of regulatory criteria are shaded.
Dashed Cell - no standard
\* means total trimethylbenzenes \*\* means total xylenes

### **Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment** Groundwater Sampling Data Summary **Pigeon Property** 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 2 of 6



Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-8	Duplicate		
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	3.57	6.19	9.37	7.25	10.27	3.80	2.09	6.31	6.19	I-Rule	
pH (standard units)	7.11	6.75	6.95	6.55	6.84	6.73	7.11	6.82	6.75	Groundwater	Vermont
Conductivity (umhos)	3,430	497	1,502	741	809	812	1,268	4,510	497	Vapor Intrusion	Groundwater
Temperature (celcius)	5.6	7.3	8.2	8.7	6.6	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.3	Standard-	Enforcement
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	635	814	119	81.9	604	853	NR	520	814	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1	
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)	•									•	•
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND<200	ND<2	-	-							
Chloromethane	ND<200	ND<2	-	-							
Vinyl Chloride	ND<100	ND<1	0.13	2							
Bromomethane	ND<200	ND<2	-	5							
Chloroethane	ND<200	ND<2	31,000								
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<200	ND<2	-	-							
Diethyl Ether	ND<200	ND<2	-	-							
Acetone	ND<1000	ND<10	-	950							
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND<50	ND<0.5	-	7							
Methylene chloride	ND<100	ND<1	680	5							
Carbon disulfide	ND<200	ND<2	-	-							
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	290	ND<1	-	11							
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<100	ND<1	-	100							
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	270	70							
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	-	-							
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<100	ND<1	-	70							
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND<1,000	ND<10	-	511							
Bromochloromethane	ND<100	ND<1	-	8							
Tetrahydrofuran(THF)	ND<1,000	ND<10	-	-							
Chloroform	ND<100	ND<1	0.41	-							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	-	200							
Carbon tetrachloride	ND<100	ND<1	0.24	5							
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND<100	ND<1	-	-							
Benzene	5,900	ND<1	0.92	5							
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	-	5							
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND<100	ND<1	0.82	5							
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	-	5							
Dibromomethane	ND<100	ND<1	-	-							
Bromodichloromethane	ND<50	ND<0.5	-	-							
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	ND<1,000	ND<10	-	-							
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<50	ND<0.5	-	-							
Toluene	19,000	ND<1	-	1000							
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<50	ND<0.5	-	-							
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	-	5							
2-Hexanone	ND<1,000	ND<10	-	-							
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND<100	ND<1	1.5	5							
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND<100	ND<1	-	-							

## NOTES:

ROTES:
Groundwater Enforcement Standard from Vermont Groundwater Protection Rule 7/19
Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19
Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of regulatory criteria are shaded.
Dashed Cell - no standard
NR = no reading due to meter capabilty

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary **Pigeon Property** 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 3 of 6



Groundwater Sample	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-8	Duplicate		
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	3.57	6.19	9.37	7.25	10.27	3.80	2.09	6.31	6.19	I-Rule	
pH (standard units)	7.11	6.75	6.95	6.55	6.84	6.73	7.11	6.82	6.75	Groundwater	Vermont
Conductivity (umhos)	3,430	497	1,502	741	809	812	1,268	4,510	497	Vapor Intrusion	Groundwater
Temperature (celcius)	5.6	7.3	8.2	8.7	6.6	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.3	Standard-	Enforcement
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	635	814	119	81.9	604	853	NR	520	814	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21	1/7/21		
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)							, ,	, ,			•
Dibromochloromethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		0.05
Chlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	100
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<1	ND<2	ND<2	ND<1	-	70
Ethylbenzene	2,900	2	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	2.1	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	15,000	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
o-Xylene	6,800	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
Styrene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	100
Bromoform	ND<200	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	ND<2	-	
IsoPropylbenzene	120	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	1.1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
Bromobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.02
n-Propylbenzene	350	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	2.3	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
4-Chlorotoluene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	1,000	1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	1.1	330	23*
tert-Butylbenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	1.2	-	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	4,300	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*
sec-Butylbenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	1.2	-	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	600
1,2,3-Trimethylenzene	1,100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	790	23*
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	75
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	600
n-Butylbenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	-
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND<20	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2	-	0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<100	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	70
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	-
Naphthalene	690	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2.9	ND<0.5	4	0.5
4 0 0 m : 11 1	ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		0.9
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND<20	ND~U.J	110 -0.5	110 -0.5	110 -0.5	110 -0.5	ND~0.5	110 -0.5	110 -0.5		

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 4 of 6



## MW-1

		IAI AA - T			
Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	4.45	2.86	3.57	I-Rule	
pH (standard units)	6.27	7.24	7.11	Groundwater	Vermont
Conductivity (umhos)	7,460	2,390	3,430	Vapor Intrusion	Groundwater
Temperature (celcius)	16.0	8.2	5.6	Standard-	Enforcement
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	138	711	635	Resident (ug/l)	Standard (ug/l)
Sample Date	6/17/20	12/3/20	1/7/21	Resident (ug/1)	
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)					
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	2,100	ND<200	290	-	11
Benzene	14,000.	4,900.	5,900	0.92	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<100	ND<200	ND<100	-	5
Toluene	34,000	15,000	19,000	-	1000
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<50	ND<100	ND<50	-	0.05
Ethylbenzene	3,900	2,500	2,900	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	13,000	12,000	15,000	-	10000**
o-Xylene	6,000	5,700	6,800	-	10000**
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	770	880	1,000	330	23*
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2,900	3,300	4,300	470	23*
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	NT	950	1,100	790	23*
Naphthalene	640	710	690	4	0.5
Total Reported VOCs	77,310	45,940	56,980		

## MW-2

Depth to Groundwater (Ft) pH (standard units) Conductivity (umhos) Temperature (celcius) Turbidity (n.t.u.) Sample Date	6.26 6.41 520 12.3 173 6/17/20	5.81 6.78 473 10.3 749 12/3/20	6.19 6.75 497 7.3 814 1/7/21	I-Rule Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standard- Resident (ug/l)	Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standard (ug/l)
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)					
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	11
Benzene	1.3	ND<1	ND<1	0.92	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	5
Toluene	1.1	ND<1	ND<1	-	1000
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.05
Ethylbenzene	9.4	1.5	2	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	18	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
o-Xylene	2	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	7.1	ND<1	1	330	23*
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	22	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	NT	ND<1	ND<1	790	23*
Naphthalene	5.3	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	0.5
Total Reported VOCs	66	1.5	3		

### NOTES

 $Groundwater\ Enforcement\ Standard\ from\ Vermont\ Groundwater\ Protection\ Rule\ 7/19$ 

Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19

 $Reported\ results\ or\ reporting\ limits\ equal\ to\ or\ in\ excess\ of\ regulatory\ criteria\ are\ shaded.$ 

Dashed Cell - no standard

\* means total trimethylbenzenes \*\* means total xylenes

NR = no reading due to meter capabilty

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128. Westford, Vermont



## 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 5 of 6

## MW-3

Depth to Groundwater (Ft) pH (standard units) Conductivity (umhos) Temperature (celcius) Turbidity (n.t.u.) Sample Date VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)	11.59 6.69 103.9 13.1 113 6/17/20	4.70 6.87 1,242 9.6 13.4 12/3/20	9.37 6.95 1,502 8.2 119 1/7/21	I-Rule Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standard- Resident (ug/l)	Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standard (ug/l)
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	_	11
Benzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	0.92	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	5
Toluene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	1000
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.05
Ethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
o-Xylene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	330	23*
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	NT	ND<1	ND<1		
Naphthalene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	0.5
Total Reported VOCs	ND	ND	ND		

## MW-4

Depth to Groundwater (Ft) pH (standard units) Conductivity (umhos) Temperature (celcius) Turbidity (n.t.u.) Sample Date VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)	11.07 6.78 1,006 15.0 910 6/17/20	5.09 6.68 866 9.4 106 12/3/20	7.25 6.55 741 8.7 81.9 1/7/21	I-Rule Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standard- Resident (ug/l)	Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standard (ug/l)
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	2.8	ND<1	ND<1	_	11
Benzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	0.92	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	5
Toluene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	1000
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.05
Ethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	2.2	700
mp-Xylene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
o-Xylene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	330	23*
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	NT	ND<1	ND<1		
Naphthalene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	0.5
Total Reported VOCs	2.8	ND	ND	_	

## **Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Groundwater Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property** 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont Page 6 of 6



## MW-5

Depth to Groundwater (Ft)	10.97	8.62	10.27	I-Rule		
pH (standard units)	7.01	6.52	6.84	Groundwater	Vermont Groundwater	
Conductivity (umhos)	228.00	416	809	Vapor Intrusion		
Temperature (celcius)	14.6	8.8	6.6	Standard-	Enforcement	
Turbidity (n.t.u.)	NR	550	604		Standard (ug/l)	
Sample Date	6/17/20	12/3/20	1/7/21	Resident (ug/l)		
VOCs, EPA Method 8260c (ug/l)						
Methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	11	
Benzene	1.8	ND<1	ND<1	0.92	5	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	-	5	
Toluene	8.2	ND<1	ND<1	-	1000	
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-	0.05	
Ethylbenzene	1.0	ND<1	ND<1	2.2	700	
mp-Xylene	3.6	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**	
o-Xylene	1.3	ND<1	ND<1	-	10000**	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND<1	ND<1	ND<1	330	23*	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1.4	ND<1	ND<1	470	23*	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	NT	ND<1	ND<1			
Naphthalene	0.55	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4	0.5	
Total Reported VOCs	18	ND	ND			

 $Groundwater\ Enforcement\ Standard\ from\ Vermont\ Groundwater\ Protection\ Rule\ 7/19$ Groundwater Vapor Intrusion Standards from Vermont I-Rule 7/19

 $Reported\ results\ or\ reporting\ limits\ equal\ to\ or\ in\ excess\ of\ regulatory\ criteria\ are\ shaded.$ 

Dashed Cell - no standard

NR = no reading due to meter capabilty

<sup>\*</sup> means total trimethylbenzenes \*\* means total xylenes

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Drinking Water Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

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	rage 1 01 2		
Sample	DWS-1	DWS	
Sample Date	6/17/20	12/3/20	MCL
VOCs, EPA Method 524.2 (ug/L)	)		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Chloromethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Vinyl Chloride	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2.
Bromomethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Chloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Diethyl Ether	ND<5	ND<5	-
Acetone	ND<10	ND<10	-
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	7
tert-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	ND<30	ND<30	-
Methylene chloride	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
Carbon disulfide	ND<2	ND<2	-
MTBE	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	100
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	70
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND<5	ND<5	-
Bromochloromethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Tetrahydrofuran(THF)	ND<5	ND<5	-
Chloroform	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	80*
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	200
Carbon tetrachloride	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Benzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
Dibromomethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-
Bromodichloromethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	80*
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	ND<5	ND<5	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<0.3	ND<0.3	-
Toluene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1000
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND<0.3	ND<0.3	-
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	5
2-Hexanone	ND<5	ND<5	-
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	5
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	-
Dibromochloromethane	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	80*

## NOTES:

Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) published in the Water Supply Rule, 3/2020 ND<xx = Not Detected< Detection Limit; Results reported above detection limits are indicated in bold Reporting limits and reported concentrations equal to or above the MCL are shaded

<sup>\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total trihalomethanes

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total xylenes

## Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Drinking Water Sampling Data Summary Pigeon Property 1705 Route 128, Westford, Vermont

Page 2 of 2

Chlorobenzene         ND<0.05	1 age 2 01 2								
VOCs, EPA Method 524.2 (ug/L) (continued)           1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)         ND<0.05	Sample	DWS-1	DWS						
1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)         ND<0.05         ND<0.05         0.05           Chlorobenzene         ND<0.05		6/17/20	12/3/20	MCL					
Chlorobenzene         ND<0.05         ND<0.05         100           1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane         ND<0.5	VOCs, EPA Method 524.2 (ug/L)	(continued)							
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         700           Ethylbenzene         ND<0.5	1,2-Dibromoethane(EDB)	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	0.05					
Ethylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         700           mp-Xylene         ND<0.5	Chlorobenzene	ND<0.05	ND<0.05	100					
mp-Xylene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         10000**           o-Xylene         ND<0.5	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
o-Xylene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         10000**           Styrene         ND<0.5	Ethylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	700					
Styrene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         100           Bromoform         ND<0.5	mp-Xylene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	10000***					
Bromoform         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         80           IsoPropylbenzene         ND<0.5	o-Xylene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	10000***					
IsoPropylbenzene	Styrene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	100					
Bromobenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane         ND<0.5	Bromoform	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	80*					
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,2,3-Trichloropropane         ND<0.5	IsoPropylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,2,3-Trichloropropane         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           n-Propylbenzene         ND<0.5	Bromobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
n-Propylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           2-Chlorotoluene         ND<0.5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
2-Chlorotoluene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           4-Chlorotoluene         ND<0.5	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
4-Chlorotoluene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,3,5-trimethylbenzene         ND<0.5	n-Propylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           tert-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5	2-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
tert-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,2,4-trimethylbenzene         ND<0.5	4-Chlorotoluene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           sec-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5	1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
sec-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,3-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5	tert-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,3-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           p-Isopropyltoluene         ND<0.5	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
p-Isopropyltoluene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,4-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5	sec-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         75           1,2-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
1,2-Dichlorobenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         600           n-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
n-Butylbenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         ND<0.5	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	75					
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         0.2           1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene         ND<0.5	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	600.					
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5         70           Hexachlorobutadiene         ND<0.5	n-Butylbenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
Hexachlorobutadiene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           Naphthalene         ND<0.5	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.2					
Naphthalene         ND<0.5         ND<0.5           1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene         ND<0.5	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	70					
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene ND<0.5 ND<0.5	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
	Naphthalene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	-					
Total Reported VOCs ND ND	Total Reported VOCs	ND	ND	-					

## NOTES:

Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) published in the Water Supply Rule, 3/2020 ND<xx = Not Detected< Detection Limit; Results reported above detection limits are indicated in bold Reporting limits and reported concentrations equal to or above the MCL are shaded

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^*}$  means the indicated enforcement standard is for total trihalomethanes

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> means the indicated enforcement standard is for total xylenes

### **Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment** Pigeon Property Westford, Vermont Soil Data Summary



						Pa	ge 1 of 3								
Sample Identification	SB-101	SB-102	SB-103	SB-104	SB-105	SB-106	SB-107	SB-108	SB-109	SB-110	Dup SB-107	EPA		VSS	VSS Non-
Sample Depth (ft. bg)	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	0-1.5	Residential	EPA Industrial	v s s Residential	Residential
PID Reading (ppm)	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	RSL (mg/kg)	RSL (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Sample Date	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	12/21/20	KSL (Hig/kg)		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
PAH EPA Method 8270D (mg/kg)	-														
Naphthalene	ND<0.008	0.010	0.046	0.22	ND<0.02	0.10	0.0098	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	-	-	2.7	16
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	0.017	0.078	ND<0.02	0.039	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	240	3,000	-	-
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	0.013	0.073	ND<0.02	0.031	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	18	73	-	-
Acenaphthylene	0.022	0.10	0.47	2.1	0.17	1.3	0.044	0.038	0.016	0.021	0.017	-	-		-
Acenaphthene	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	0.021	0.17	ND<0.02	0.083	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	3,600	45,000	-	-
Fluorene	0.011	0.020	0.091	0.55	0.042	0.30	0.027	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008		-	2,301	26,371
Phenanthrene	0.12	0.19	0.72	4.2	0.52	2.2	0.23	0.036	0.013	0.021	0.022	-	-		-
Anthracene	0.017	0.060	0.29	1.4	0.092	0.99	0.041	0.014	ND<0.008	0.015	ND<0.008	18,000	230,000		-
Fluoranthene	0.23	0.68	2.2	13	1.1	6.4	0.33	0.098	0.034	0.023	0.063	-	-	2,301	26,371
Pyrene	0.18	0.61	1.8	12	0.86	4.8	0.22	0.10	0.031	0.077	0.052	1,800	23,000	-	-
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.083	0.41	1.4	7.2	0.44	4.1	0.12	0.055	0.019	0.011	0.032	1.1	21	-	-
Chrysene	0.099	0.42	1.4	7.1	0.53	4.0		0.063	0.020	0.021	0.034	110	2,100	-	-
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.14	0.62		11	0.76	6.1	0.21	0.079	0.032	0.024	0.060	1.1	21	-	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.052	0.24	0.83	3.7	0.28	2.4	0.081	0.028	0.011	ND<0.008	0.023	11	210	-	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.12	0.55	2.0	9.5	0.59	4.8		0.070	0.026	0.012	0.047	-	-	0.07	1.54
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.086	0.38	0.94	8.0	0.24	1.5	0.065	0.025	0.011	0.021	0.023	1.1	21	-	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.019	0.090	0.24	1.8	0.060	0.43	0.015	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	ND<0.008	0.11	2.1	-	-
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.085	0.34	0.77	8.1	0.20	1.1	0.056	0.024	0.011	0.028	0.022	-	-	-	-
Total Reported PAHs	1.3	4.7	15.6	90	5.9	40.7	1.74	0.63	0.22	0.27	0.40	-	-	-	-
PAH TEQ as Benzo(a)pyrene	0.17	0.78	2.7	14	0.80	6.4	0.22	0.090	0.036	0.022	0.063	-	-		0.58 (urban bkgd)

Vermont Soil Standards (VSS) and Statewide Background Concentrations from July 2019 DEC I-Rule EPA Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) fromMay 2020 RSL Summary Table. RSLs not included when a VSS exists. Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of residential soil thresholds are shaded. Dashed Cell=no published value (VSS) or published value not applicable (RSL)

## Toxic Equivalency Calculations Pigeon Property Page 2 of 3



SB-101

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.083	0.1	0.0083
Chrysene	0.099	0.001	0.000099
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.14	0.1	0.014
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.052	0.01	0.00052
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.12	1	0.12
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.086	0.1	0.0086
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.019	1	0.019
	0.17		

SB-102

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.41	0.1	0.041
Chrysene	0.42	0.001	0.00042
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.62	0.1	0.062
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.24	0.01	0.0024
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.55	1	0.55
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.38	0.1	0.038
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.090	1	0.09
	0.78		

SB-103

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.4	0.1	0.14
Chrysene	1.4	0.001	0.0014
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.4	0.1	0.24
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.83	0.01	0.0083
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.0	1	2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.94	0.1	0.094
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.24	1	0.24
	Total Benz	o(a)nyrene Equivalent =	2.7

SB-104

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.2	0.1	0.72
Chrysene	7.1	0.001	0.0071
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	11	0.1	1.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.7	0.01	0.037
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.5	1	9.5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8.0	0.1	0.8
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.8	1	1.8
	Total Rena	o(a)nyrene Equivalent =	14.0

SB-105

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.44	0.1	0.044
Chrysene	0.53	0.001	0.00053
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.76	0.1	0.076
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.28	0.01	0.0028
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.59	1	0.59
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.24	0.1	0.024
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.060	1	0.06
	Total Benz	o(a)pyrene Equivalent =	0.80

## Toxic Equivalency Calculations Pigeon Property Page 3 of 3



SB-106

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	4.1	0.1	0.41
Chrysene	4.0	0.001	0.004
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.1	0.1	0.61
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.4	0.01	0.024
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.8	1	4.8
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.5	0.1	0.15
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.43	1	0.43
	6.4		

SB-107

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene		
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.12	0.1	0.012		
Chrysene	0.13	0.001	0.00013		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.21	0.1	0.021		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.081	0.01	0.00081		
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.16	1	0.16		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.065	0.1	0.0065		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.015	1	0.015		
	Total Dona	vo (a) nymono Equivalent =	0.22		

Total Benzo(a)pyrene Equivalent =

SB-108

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene		
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.055	0.1	0.0055		
Chrysene	0.063	0.001	0.000063		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.079	0.1	0.0079		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.028	0.01	0.00028		
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.07	1	0.07		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.025	0.1	0.0025		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.008	1	0.004		
Total Benzo (a) pyrene Equivalent = 0.090					

SB-109

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.019	0.1	0.0019
Chrysene	0.020	0.001	0.00002
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.032	0.1	0.0032
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.011	0.01	0.00011
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.026	1	0.026
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.011	0.1	0.0011
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.008	1	0.004
<u> </u>	0.036		

SB-110

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.011	0.1	0.0011
Chrysene	0.021	0.001	0.000021
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.024	0.1	0.0024
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND<0.008	0.01	0.00004
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.012	1	0.012
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.021	0.1	0.0021
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.008	1	0.004
	0.022		

Dup SB-107

Contaminant	Concentration (mg/kg)	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Toxicity Equivalents to Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.032	0.1	0.0032
Chrysene	0.034	0.001	0.000034
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.060	0.1	0.006
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.023	0.01	0.00023
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.047	1	0.047
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.023	0.1	0.0023
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND<0.008	1	0.004
	0.063		

## **Brownfields Supplemental Site Assessment Pigeon Property** Westford, Vermont Soil Vapor Data Summary Page 1 of 1



			SAMPLING	LOCATION			Vapor	Vapor
Parameter	Ambient	SG-2	SG-3	SG-4	VP-1	VP-2	Intrusion	Intrusion
Sampling Date	1/5/21	1/5/21	1/5/21	1/5/21	1/5/21	1/5/21	Standards	Standards
EPA TO-15 (μg/m³)	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Residental	Non-Resident
Acetone	7.6	<9.5	<9.5	<9.5	160	10		_
Benzene	0.47	<0.32	<0.32	<0.32	<0.32	<0.32	4.3	35
Benzyl chloride	<0.18	<0.52	<0.52	<0.52	< 0.52	<0.52	-	-
Bromodichloromethane	<0.23	< 0.67	< 0.67	< 0.67	< 0.67	< 0.67	-	-
Bromoform	< 0.36	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-
Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	< 0.14	< 0.39	< 0.39	< 0.39	< 0.39	< 0.39	-	-
1,3-Butadiene	< 0.077	< 0.22	< 0.22	< 0.22	< 0.22	< 0.22	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	<4.1	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	-	-
Carbon Disulfide	<1.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	-	-
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.50	< 0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	5.7	45
Chlorobenzene	< 0.16	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	-	-
Chloroethane	< 0.092	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	330000	1200000
Chloroform	< 0.17	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	1.3	12
Chloromethane	< 0.14	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	-	-
Cyclohexane	< 0.12	< 0.34	< 0.34	< 0.34	< 0.34	< 0.34	-	-
Dibromochloromethane	< 0.30	<0.85	<0.85	<0.85	< 0.85	< 0.85	-	-
Dibromoethane, (1,2)	< 0.27	< 0.77	< 0.77	< 0.77	< 0.77	< 0.77	-	-
Dichlorobenzene (ortho)	< 0.21	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	-	-
Dichlorobenzene (meta)	< 0.21	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	-	-
Dichlorobenzene (para)	< 0.21	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	< 0.60	-	-
Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12)	< 0.17	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	-	-
Dichloroethane (1,1)	< 0.14	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	21	170
Dichloroethane (1,2)	< 0.14	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	-	-
Dichloroethylene, 1,1-	< 0.14	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	6700	23000
Dichloroethylene, 1,2-cis-	< 0.14	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	-	-
Dichloroethene (trans-1,2)	< 0.14	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	< 0.40	-	-
Dichloropropane (1,2)	< 0.16	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	< 0.46	-	-
Dichloropropene (cis-1,3)	< 0.16	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	-	-
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.16	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	< 0.45	-	-
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (Freon 114)	<0.24	< 0.70	< 0.70	< 0.70	< 0.70	< 0.70	-	-
Dioxane (1,4)	<1.3	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	-	-
Ethanol	4.5	<7.5	<7.5	<7.5	250	17	-	-
Ethyl Acetate	<1.3	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	<3.6	-	- 110
Ethylbenzene	< 0.15	< 0.43	<0.43 <0.49	<0.43 <0.49	0.47	< 0.43	13	110
4-Ethyltoluene	< 0.17	< 0.49		<0.49	<0.49 <0.41	< 0.49	-	-
Heptane Hexachlorobutadiene	<0.14 <0.37	<0.41 <1.1	<0.41 <1.1	<0.41	<0.41	<0.41 <1.1		-
Hexane	<4.9	<1.1	<1.1	<1.1	<1.1	<1.1		-
2-Hexanone (MBK)	<0.29	<0.82	<0.82	<0.82	<0.82	<0.82		_
Isopropanol	<3.4	<9.8	<9.8	<9.8	21	<9.8	-	
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	<0.13	< 0.36	< 0.36	< 0.36	< 0.36	<0.36		
Methylene Chloride	1.8	<3.5	<3.5	6.0	<3.5	<3.5	2000	27000
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 0.14	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	< 0.41	-	
Naphthalene	<0.11	<0.52	<0.52	<0.52	<0.52	<0.52	1	8
Propene	<2.4	<6.9	< 6.9	<6.9	<6.9	< 6.9	-	-
Styrene	< 0.15	< 0.43	< 0.43	< 0.43	< 0.43	< 0.43	-	-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.24	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69	< 0.69	-	-
Tetrachloroethylene	< 0.24	8.9	0.85	< 0.68	< 0.68	< 0.68	21	170
Tetrahydrofuran	<1.0	<2.9	3.1	<2.9	<2.9	<2.9	-	-
Toluene	0.46	<0.38	<0.38	<0.38	1.3	0.38	-	-
Trichlorobenzene (1,2,4)	< 0.26	< 0.74	< 0.74	< 0.74	< 0.74	< 0.74	-	-
Trichloroethane (1,1,1)	< 0.19	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	-	-
Trichloroethane (1,1,2)	< 0.19	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	< 0.55	-	-
Trichloroethylene	< 0.19	< 0.54	< 0.54	< 0.54	< 0.54	< 0.54	6.7	23
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	1.2	7.4	<2.2	<2.2	<2.2	<2.2	-	-
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Freon 113)	<1.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	<3.1	-	-
Trimethylbenzene (1,2,4)	< 0.17	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	2000*	7000*
Trimethylbenzene (1,3,5)	< 0.17	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	< 0.49	2000*	7000*
Vinyl Acetate	<2.5	<7.0	<7.0	<7.0	<7.0	<7.0	-	-
Vinyl Chloride	< 0.089	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	< 0.26	3.7	62
m&p-Xylene	< 0.30	< 0.87	< 0.87	< 0.87	1.9	< 0.87	-	-
o-Xylene	< 0.15	< 0.43	0.48	< 0.43	1.0	< 0.43	-	-

## NOTES:

- NOTES:

  1. Vermont Sub-Slab Soil Vapor Intrusion Standards from July 2019 DEC I-Rule
  2. < in result column indicates analyte is not detected above the lab reporting limit shown.
  3. "-" Indicates no regulatory limits.
  4. "\*" Standard is sum of all trimethylbenzene isomers
  5. Values in bold indicate compound detected above laboratory detection limit
  6. Reported results or reporting limits equal to or in excess of residential thresholds are shaded.



APPENDIX C

**Cost Estimate** 

# Cleanup Cost Estimate Excavation and Disposal of Petroluem Contaminated Soil 1705 Route 128 Westford, Vermont 22-Jun-21

Task Category	Description	No.		Per Unit Cost	Unit	Item Cost	Markup Factor	Total Item Cost	Subtotals
	•								
1.0 Pre-construction									
Project Coordination / Bids	Geologist	14	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$800	1.00	\$800	
VTRANS Permit	Engineer II	4	@		/hr	\$1,000	1.10	\$1,100	
Contractor Preparation / Coordination	Geologist	2	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$200	1.00	\$200	\$2,100
2.0 Construction Inspection and Oversight (4 visits)	)								
Construction Inspection (4 Visits)	Geologist	32	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$2,880	1.00	\$2,880	
Travel (4 Visits)	Geologist	4.8	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$432	1.00	\$432	
Mileage (4 Visits)	Expense	256	@	\$0.56	/ea	\$143	1.00	\$143	
									\$3,455
3.0 Construction Costs									
Mobilization/Demobilization	Contractor	1	@	\$5,000.00	/ls	\$5,000	1.00	\$5,000	
Soil Erosion Control	Contractor	1	@	\$500.00	/ea	\$500	1.00	\$500	
Grading/Common Excavation	Contractor	67	@	\$12.35	/cy	\$823	1.00	\$823	
Fine Grade, Seed, Mulch	Contractor	100	@	\$2.00	/sy	\$200	1.00	\$200	
Stockpile Poly and Management	Contractor	1	@	\$1,000.00	/ls	\$1,000	1.00	\$1,000	
Clean Backfill	Contractor	67	@	\$25.60	/cy	\$1,707	1.00	\$1,707	
Characterization Sampling	Laboratory	2	@	\$1,200.00		\$2,400	1.10	\$2,640	
Lab fees - Confirmation Soil Sampling	Laboratory	6	@	\$123.00	/each	\$738	1.10	\$812	
Soil Transport/Disposal (assumes non-daily cover)	Contractor	100	@	\$116.00	/ton	\$11,600	1.10	\$12,760	\$25,442
4.0 Monitoring Well Replacement and Groundwater	Sampling								
Project Coordination	Geologist	1	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$90	1.00	\$90	
Travel (2 DAY)	Geologist	3	@	\$90.00		\$270	1.00	\$270	
Mileage (2 DAY)	Expense	140	@	\$0.575		\$81	1.00	\$81	
On-Site-Senior Scientist (2 DAY)	Geologist	14	@	\$90.00		\$1,260	1.00	\$1.260	
PID - Full Day	Expense	1	@	\$90.00		\$90	1.00	\$90	
Survey Equipment	Expense	1	@	\$75.00		\$75	1.00	\$75	
Drilling Subcontractor	Contractor	1	@	\$1,490.14		\$1,490	1.10	\$1,639	
Metal Detector	Expense	1	@	\$25.00	/dav	\$25	1.00	\$25	
Peristaltic Pump	Expense	1	@	\$75.00		\$75	1.00	\$75	
Sample Kit	Expense	6	@	\$15.00		\$90	1.00	\$90	
Lab Fees - VOCs 8260 GW	Laboratory	6	@	\$123.00		\$738	1.10	\$812	\$4,506
	•				,				
5.0 As-Built Report Preparation									
Report	Geologist	24	@	\$90.00		\$2,160	1.00	\$2,160	
Drafting	Draftsperson II	4	@		/hr	\$300	1.00	\$300	
Review	Senior Scientist	2	@	\$90.00	/hr	\$180	1.10	\$198	\$2,658

Cleanup Cost	\$38,162
15% Contingency	\$5,724
Total Cost For Project	\$43,886